

User's Guide

Version 1.1.3



PASCO Capstone User's Guide

Document Number: 012-14016B

Capstone Version: 1.1.3

Limited Warranty

For a description of the product warranty, see the PASCO scientific catalog.

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17:14:00°



Teacher and Technical Support

For questions about PASCO Capstone and other PASCO scientific products that are not answered in the Help or User's Guide, you can contact the PASCO Teacher and Technical Support staff by phone, email, or on the Web.

1-800-772-8700 (in the U.S.)

Phone:

+1 916 786 3800 (worldwide)

Email: support@pasco.com

Web: www.pasco.com/support/

Tech Notes: www.pasco.com/support/technical-sup-

port/technote/

See "Where can I find help documentation and curriculum for PASCO Capstone?":
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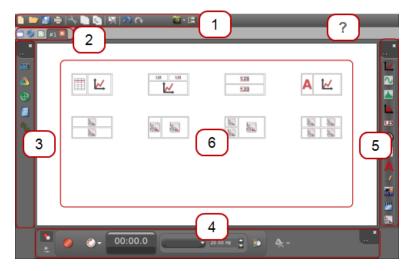
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1 Tour the Interface



Click to learn more

- 1 Menu and Toolbar
- ² Page Tools
- 3 Tools Palette
- ? Context Help
- Online Videos

- 4 Controls Palette
- 5 Displays Palette
- 6 Display Area



Tour the Menu and Toolbar



The Capstone menu includes common application functions and application specific functions. Some functions are available as toolbar buttons.

Descriptions for Capstone Menu and Toolbar functions:

Tip1

1 File

Menu item	Description
Import Data	Import data into the Capstone data summary.
Export Data	Export collect data to a text file.
	Set global preferences including:
	Preference File
	 General Application
Preferences	 Language
1 Telefellocs	 Workbook
	 Displays Palette
	 Tools Palette
	 Controls Palette

² Edit

Icon	Menu item	Description
1	Undo	Undo the last operation. ⁹ Tip ²
~	Redo	Redo an Undo operation Tip ²
4	Cut	Cut the selected display element
	Сору	Copy the selected display element
	Paste	Paste a Cut or Copied display element

¹Capstone includes descriptions within dialog boxes. Click on an item for a brief description.

²The operation that will be undone is listed in the menu.

²The operation that will be re-done is listed in the menu.



3 Workbook

lcon	Menu item	Description
315	Add Page	Add Page To Workbook
	Delete Page	Delete this Page
	Rename Page	Rename Current Workbook Page
	Lock All Pages	Lock all current pages for editing. Pages can still be added and will not be locked; to lock added pages, click Lock All Pages.
	Unlock All Pages	Unlock pages to allow editing.
Malai	Edit Master Page	Opens the Master Page Add text and graphics to appear in the background of other pages.
	Workbook Page Prop- erties	 Set workbook preferences, including: Page Name Snap to Grid Show Tools Palette Show Displays Palette Show Controls Palette Page Shape

4 Display

Icon Menu item	Description
Display	Shows tools that apply to the selected display.



5 Journal

lcon	Menu item	Description
	Take Journal snapshot Select snapshot mode	Takes an image and places it in the journal. Select:
0		Snapshot Entire Workbook Page
		Snapshot Workbook Page Content
		Snapshot Workbook Page Display
L E	Show or hide Journal	Lists the journal snapshots and allows: A Show or hide annotations Print Journal Export Journal to HTML View full-size snapshot Delete selected snapshot Move selected snapshot up Move selected snapshot down

6 Help

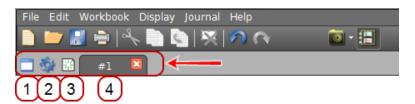
lcon	Menu item	Description
	PASCO Capstone Help	Opens the Capstone Help System in a separate browser. A PDF version of the User's Guide is also available from the Help System.
	About PASCO Capstone	Opens a dialog with version information and the ability enter a license key.

7 Delete Display

lcon	Menu item	Description
×	Delete Selected Display	Deletes the active display on the workbook page. Data are not affected.



Tour the Page Tools



See "How do I... Workbooks": 89.

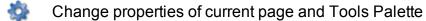
1 Edit Master Page

Icon Description

Master Page Add text and graphics to appear in the background of other pages.

² Properties

Icon Description



3 Add Page

Icon Description

Adds a new page to the workbook

Drag and drop page tabs to rearrange the workbook pages.

See "Adding a display ": 56.

4 Rename / Delete

Icon Description



- Double click to rename the page.
- Deletes the current page from the workbook.



Tour the Tools Palette



1 Hardware Setup

Icon Description

Configure interface and sensor hardware



Icon Description

Create timers for photogates and other timing devices

3 Data Summary

Icon Description

Manage experiment data and data properties

4 Calibration

Icon Description

Calibrate sensor measurements

⁵ Calculator

Icon Description

Define new data sets as functions of measurements and other data

6 Signal Generator

Icon Description

Control interface Signal Generator output

7 Digital Output

Icon Description

Specify behavior for expansion port inputs and/or outputs



8 Curve Fit Editor

Icon Description



Edit curve fits created in Graph displays



Tour the Controls Palette

The Controls Palette is used to start/stop data collection, set the data monitoring mode, set the sampling rate, delete data runs, and define Start/Stop conditions.



1 Record / Play Selection

	lcon	Description	
		Toggle between:	
	0	Recording Mode	Use to switch to recording Controls Palette
	<u> </u>	Playback Mode	Use to switch to playback Controls Palette
~	$\overline{}$		

2 Record / Monitor

lcon	Description	
	Capstone toggles between:	
	Record	Begin recording all measurements from each connected sensor
0	Monitor	Start monitoring measurements from connected sensors

3 Record Mode Selection

lcon	Description	
	Toggle betweer	n:
	Continuous Mode	Set to record data at the current sample rate settings
S	Keep Mode	Set to keep data points when commanded
· 🏏	Fast Monitor Mode	Set to acquire data without recording; required for high speed sampling in Scope and FFT displays
		I record data in PASCO Capstone? ": 73



4 Record Timer

Description



Displays the recording time as reported by the sensors in minutes:seconds format.

Displays the recording status: Ready or Recording

5 Sampling Source and Sample Rate

Description



Sampling rate source: single sensor or Common Rate

Note: Common Rate is applied to all sensors. The Sample Rate range for Common Rate is intersection of all sensor ranges.

2 Adjust the Sample Rate

6 Start / Stop Conditions

Icon Description

Set automatic Start/Stop conditions

Delete Runs

Icon Description

Delete most recent run

Delete All Runs or a specific run



Tour the Displays Palette 🔀

Drag to page or double-click to create a display (See "Adding a display ": 56).



Icon Description

Create a line graph to plot captured data or user defined data. Several tools are available for graphs including statistics, curve fit, slope tool, and smoothing.



² Scope

 \sim

4

8

1.23

Icon Description

Create a display that functions as a digital storage oscilloscope, which is useful for viewing measurements that oscillate rapidly in time.



3 FFT

Icon Description

Create a spectral analysis display, which uses a Fast Fourier Transform to measure the relative signal intensity as a function of frequency.

4 Histogram

Icon Description

Create a histogram bar graph. The height of each of the bars is proportional to the number of data that fall within the range of values that the bar represents. Several tools are available for histograms including statistics, setting bin sizes, and overlaying.

5 Digits

hil.





lcon **Description**

Create a digits display to show the current data value or a stat-1.23 istical value.

Meter

Icon Description



Create a meter display to indicate the current data value (or statistical value) by the angular displacement of a needle against a dial indicator. Several meter styles are available.

7 Table

lcon **Description**

Create a table to list captured data or user defined data in columns.

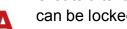


Note: Tables are used to enter user-defined numerical or text data. Several tools are available for tables including statistics

See "How do I... Tables": 124.

8 | Text Box

lcon **Description**





See "How do I... Text Boxes": 127.

9 Text Entry Box

lcon **Description**

Create a text entry box for user input. The input can be linked to other text entry boxes. Tip1

See "How do I... Text Boxes": 127.

10 Image

lcon **Description**



Create a box to insert an image from a file. Note: Use the Movie icon to capture an image from an attached USB camera.)

¹Use a Text Entry Box for user student input on a locked experiment.

¹Use the linkage to present a previously entered student response on a subsequent page of the Workbook. For example, to combine all the answers on a single page.



11 Movie

Icon Description

Create a box to insert a movie file, capture an image from a video camera or microscope connected through a USB port, record a stand-alone video using a USB webcam, or use a USB video camera as a sensor to record a movie along with other sensor data.



A special video analysis mode accessed from the toolbar provides tools for analyzing videos and image snapshots.

See "How do I... Video": 137.

12 Placeholder

Icon Description



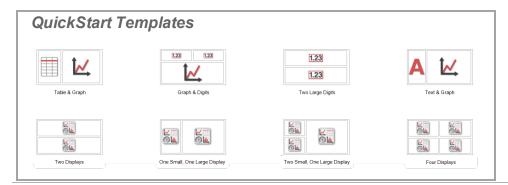
Create a spacer for a display to be defined at a later time or create white space.



Tour the Display Area

The PASCO Capstone Workbook pages facilitate quick and easy layouts and support highly flexible page designs.

Features	Ø See
Drag and drop targets	"Adding a dis-
Easy resize and alignment tools	play ": 56
QuickStart templates	



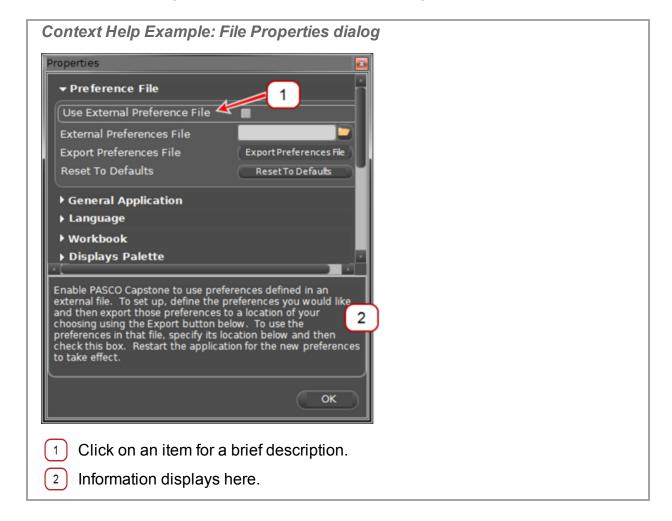
"Adding a display ": 56

	"How do I Tables": 124
Easy table creation, including calculated data	"How do I Cal- culations": 99
Text boxes with equations copied from word processor	"How do I Text Boxes": 127



Tour Context Help

Some items in PASCO Capstone include helpful information at the bottom of dialog windows. To see the help: Click on an item for a brief description.





Tour the Scope

Overview

The scope is designed to view high-frequency oscillating data or single high-speed events that the graph display may not be able to capture.

Maximum Sampling Rate: The maximum supported sampling rate is a function of the computer-sensor interface that is connected to the computer (for example: 850 Universal Interface \rightarrow 10 MHz, ScienceWorkshop 750 \rightarrow 250 kHz).

Features	Ø See
Continuous Mode and Fast Monitor	"What is Continuous Mode?": 168
Mode	"What is Fast Monitor Mode?": 169
Single shot	"What does the Single Shot button do?": 178
Multiple triggers	"How do I select the scope trigger?": 131
Pre-trigger	"How do I pre-trigger?": 134
Image freeze	"How do I freeze and record the scope display?": 135

Toolbar

	·-
lcon	Description
1	Adjust y-axis scale to fit data
1	Activate and control scope trigger
4	Stop collection after one trace
\simeq	Automatically adjust sample rate based on time-axis scale
\triangle_{+}	Activate to view multiple runs; Select visible run(s)
◆	Increase trace offset
₽	Set trace offset value to zero
₽	Decrease trace offset
-ģ-	Show data coordinates and access Delta Tool
△	Creates a data set from active traces
∿	Increase number of data points in trace
757	Decrease number of data points in trace
1 **	Add new y-axis to scope display
×	Remove active element or axis
	Allow rearrangement of axes
×	Pin toolbar to display



4

Properties

Show or hide tools

See "Adding a display ": 56



2 Getting Started

See the following topics setting up and run a simple experiment:

"Connecting an interface": 17

"Connecting a sensor": 27

"Adding a display ": 56

"Starting an experiment": 60

"Downloading Capstone experiments": 61

See "How do I...": 63 for detailed instructions.

Connecting an interface

Capstone software running on your computer receives data from one or more connected sensors through one or more interfaces. (At least one interface and sensor is required to collect data. (See "What do I need to have a complete measurement system?": 162)

Capstone is compatible with all PASCO USB interfaces and some non-USB interfaces using a serial-to-USB convertor. Tip¹

Automatically detect an interface

1. Connect one or more PASCO USB interfaces to the computer. Tip2





"Connecting an 850 Universal or 750 USB Interface": 21

"Connecting a 750 SCSI or 500 serial Interface": 24





"Connecting Bluetooth Interfaces: such as the SPARKlink Air or AirLink2": 22





"Connecting USB PASPORT Interfaces: such as the SPARK SLS, SPARKlink, or Power Link": 25





"Connecting an Xplorer GLX or Xplorer": 26

2. Add one or sensors. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)

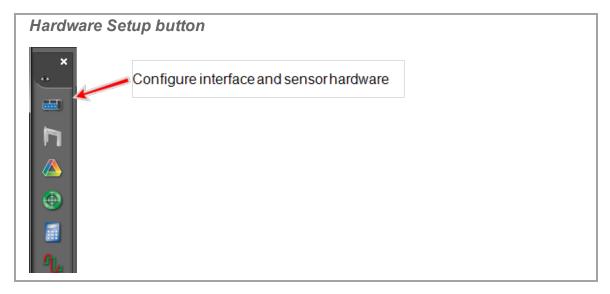
¹You can add interfaces that are not connected to the computer. This is useful to author or prepare experiments in advance.

²Interfaces can be connected to your computer with Capstone running. Capstone will automatically add recognized interfaces such as the 850 Universal Interface.



Manually add an interface

1. Click **Hardware Setup** in the Tools Palette: .

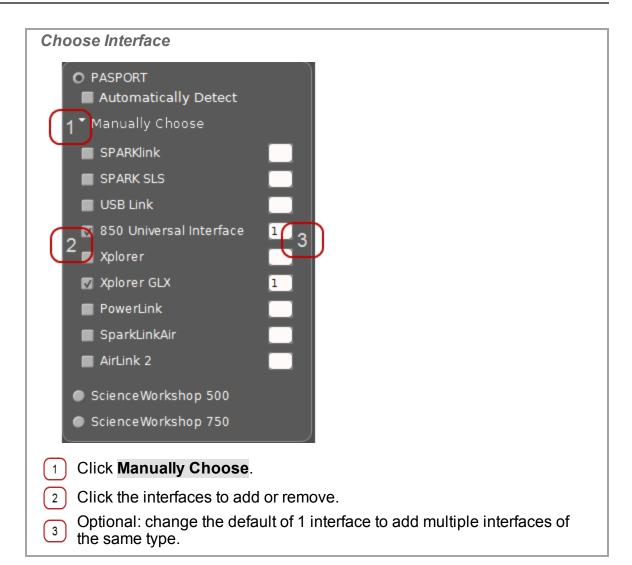


- 2. Add the interface if not displayed in the Hardware Setup list. Tip1
- 3. If the interface is not automatically detected, click the **Choose Interface** button.
- 4. The Choose Interface dialog opens.

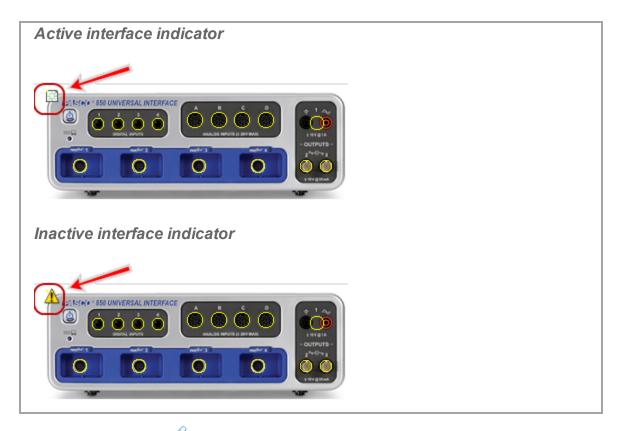
15/4/400.

¹Some PASCO interfaces, such as the PASCO 850 and SPARK, are automatically detected by Capstone when plugged in and turned on.





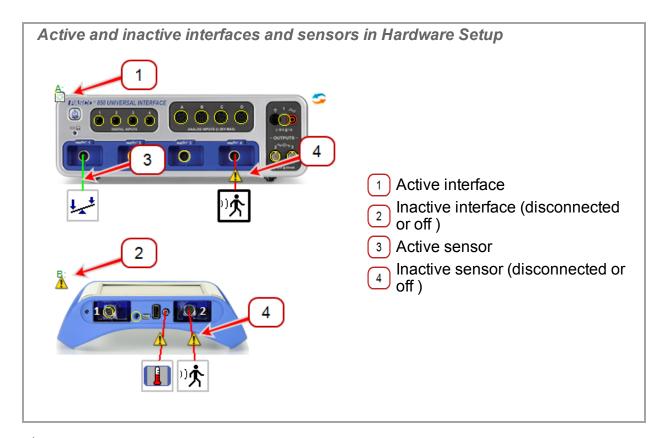




5. Add one or sensors. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)
Connected and added interfaces are displayed in the **Hardware Setup** dialog.

Note: Interfaces that are connected to the computer, powered on, and recognized by Capstone display () and interfaces that are not active display ().





✓ Next step: "Connecting a sensor": 27

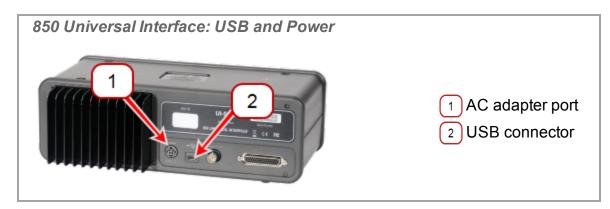
Connecting an 850 Universal or 750 USB Interface

The PASCO 850 Universal Interface includes four digital inputs, four analog ports, four PASPORT sensor ports, a 15 W function generator, dual high speed function generators.

Procedure

- 1. Use the A-to-mini-B USB cable to connect the smaller USB port of the 850 Interface to a USB port on your computer (or a USB hub connected to the computer).
- 2. Connect the AC adapter to a wall outlet and to the AC adapter port on the rear of the 850 Universal Interface.





3. Press and hold the power button (a) until the green lights on the front flash.



- 4. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)
- 5. Add sensors. (See @"Connecting a sensor with the 850 Interface": 36)

☑Next step: "Connecting a sensor": 27

Connecting Bluetooth Interfaces: such as the SPARKlink Air or AirLink2

SPARKlink Air is a sensor interface with two ports to accept PASPORT sensors and ports for the included Voltage Probe and Temperature Probe.

The SPARKlink Air interface connects to a computer or tablet device wirelessly via Bluetooth (radio), or can also connect to a computer's USB port with the included USB cable. The SPARKlink Air operates on battery power or can be connected to the included AC adapter. The SPARKlink Air battery can also be recharged using the USB cable connected to a USB port.

Procedure

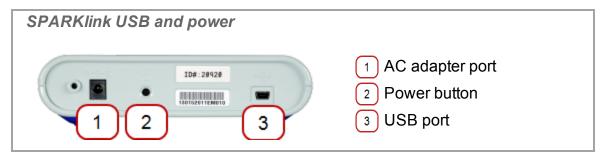
1. Optional: Connect the AC adapter (included with the SPARKlink Air) to a wall outlet and to the AC adapter port on the bottom of the device.

22

23



The Battery Status LED may blink red to indicate that the battery is charging through the power cable.



2. Connect the SPARKlink Air to the computer via bluetooth or USB.

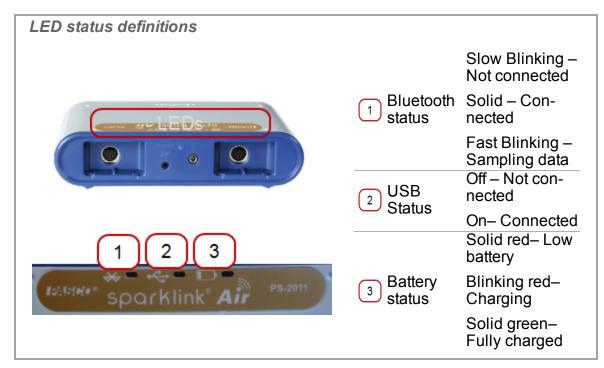
Pairing bluetooth

- i. Press and hold the ON/OFF button on the SPARKlink Air.
- ii. After the status LEDs blink in sequence, release the ON/OFF button.
 - The Bluetooth status LED will blink blue.
- iii. Enable the Windows or Macintosh computer for Bluetooth communication.

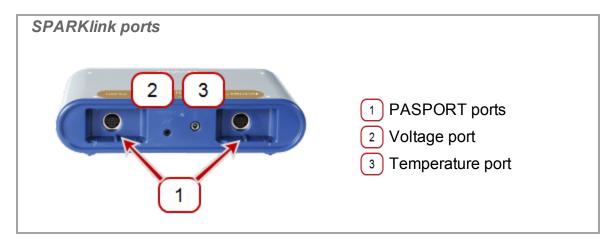
USB connection

- i. Use an A-to-mini-B USB cable (such as PASCO part PS-2528) to connect the smaller USB port of the SPARK to a USB port on your computer (or a USB hub connected to the computer).
- ii. Press and hold the ON/OFF button on the SPARKlink Air.
- iii. After the status LEDs blink in sequence, release the ON/OFF button.
 - The USB Status LED will shine green. The Battery Status LED may blink red to indicate that the battery is charging through the USB.





3. Plug in PASPORT sensors, temperature probe, or voltage leads.



4. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)

☑ Next step: "Connecting a sensor": 27

Connecting a 750 SCSI or 500 serial Interface

1. Use the A-to-mini-B USB cable (included with the 750 Interface) to connect the USB port of the 750 Interface to a USB port on your computer (or a USB hub connected to the computer).



- 2. Connect the AC adapter to a wall outlet and to the AC adapter port on the rear of the 750 Interface.
- 3. Turn on the interface and hold the power button.
- 4. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)
- 5. Add sensors. (See "Connecting a sensor with the 750 Interface": 41)

☑ Next step: "Connecting a sensor": 27

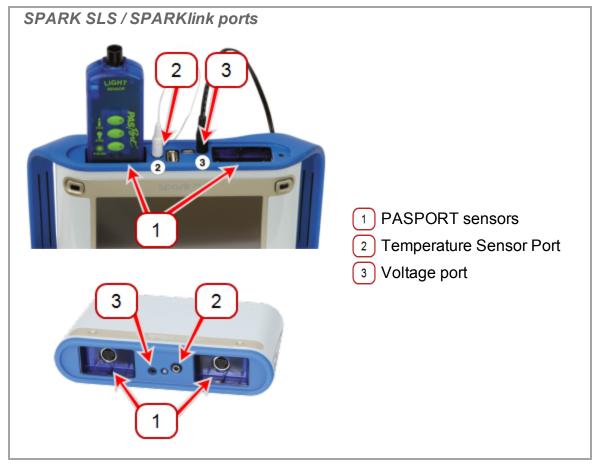
Connecting USB PASPORT Interfaces: such as the SPARK SLS, SPARKlink, or Power Link

- 1. Use an A-to-mini-B USB cable (such as PASCO part PS-2528) to connect the smaller USB port of the SPARK SLS or SPARKlink to a USB port on your computer (or a USB hub connected to the computer).
- 2. Optionally connect the AC adapter (included with the SPARK SLS and SPARKlink) to a wall outlet and to the AC adapter port on the bottom of the device.



3. Plug in PASPORT sensors, temperature probe, or voltage leads.





- 4. SPARK SLS: Press and hold the power button until the SPARK SLS screen turns on.
- 5. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)
- 6. SPARK SLS: The SPARK SLS states it is connected to a computer. Disconnect the SPARK SLS from the computer to use it in standalone mode.

☑Next step: "Connecting a sensor": 27

Connecting an Xplorer GLX or Xplorer

- Use an A-to-mini B USB cable (included) to connect the smaller USB port of the Xplorer GLX to a USB port on your computer (or a USB hub connected to the computer).
- 2. Optionally, connect the included AC adapter to a wall outlet and to the AC adapter port on the right side of the Xplorer GLX.
- 3. If the Xplorer GLX is not on, press and hold the power button until the green LED



on the front flashes.

4. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)

☑ Next step: "Connecting a sensor": 27

Connecting a sensor

Capstone software running on your computer receives data from one or more connected sensors through one or more interfaces. (At least one interface and sensor is required to collect data. (See "What do I need to have a complete measurement system? ": 162) Follow these steps to connect a sensor to your computer.

1. If not already, connect or add an interface to your computer. (See "Connecting" an interface": 17)

Note: Capstone requires an interface to communicate with the sensor.

2. Plug in one or more sensors into the interface.

Click for instructions on select interfaces



"Connecting a sensor with the 850 Interface": 36



"Connecting a sensor with the 750 Interface": 41



"Connecting a sensor with the SPARK SLS, SPARKlink, SPARKlink Air": 45



"Connecting a sensor with the Xplorer GLX": 50



"Connecting a sensor with the Digital Adapter or Photogate Port": 55



"Connecting a sensor with the Analog Adapter": 56



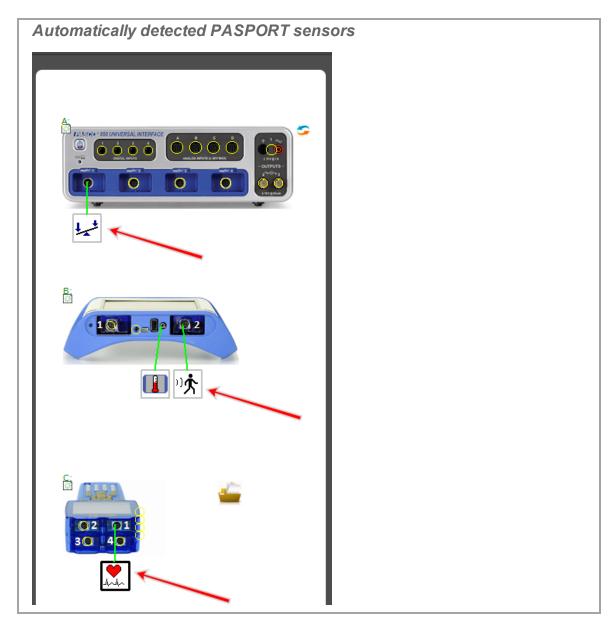
"Connecting a sensor with the AirLink2": 56

3. Add the sensor in Capstone Tip1 **PASPORT** sensor

¹You can add sensors that are not connected to the interface. This is useful to author or prepare experiments in advance.



Note: Capstone automatically detects properly connected PASPORT sensors.

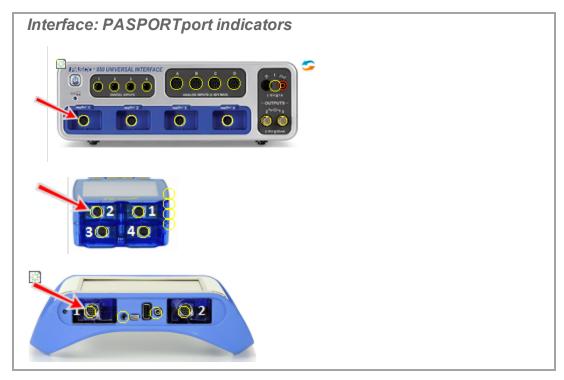


To manually add a PASPORT sensor:

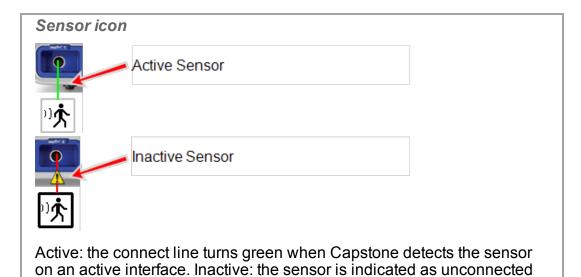


a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Analog ScienceWorkshop sensor (Universal Interface)

by a red connect line and an inactive symbol.

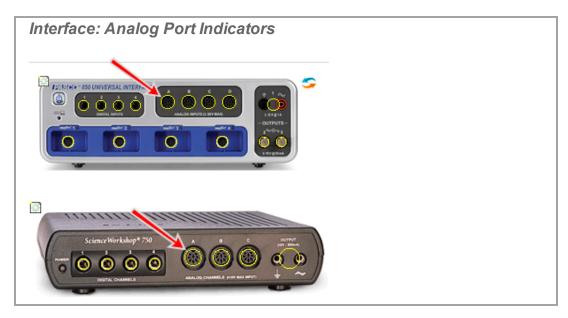


Note: Capstone automatically detects Universal Interface (UI) sensors.

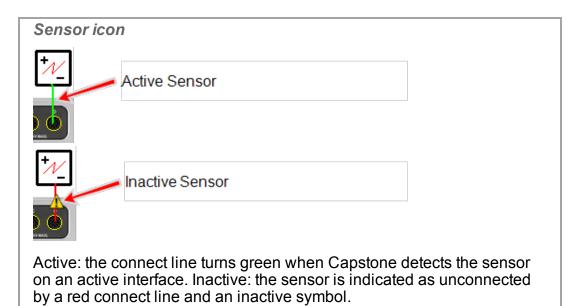
To add a *non-connected* sensor to Capstone:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Digital sensor (ScienceWorkshop)



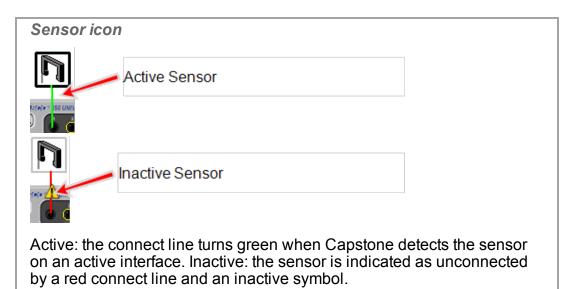
Note: Capstone does not automatically detect most digital sensors.

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.



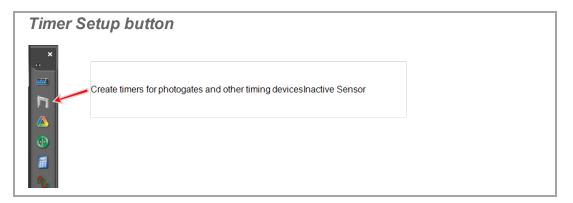


- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



c. Optional: to use the sensor as a timer, click **Timer Setup** in the Tools Palette.



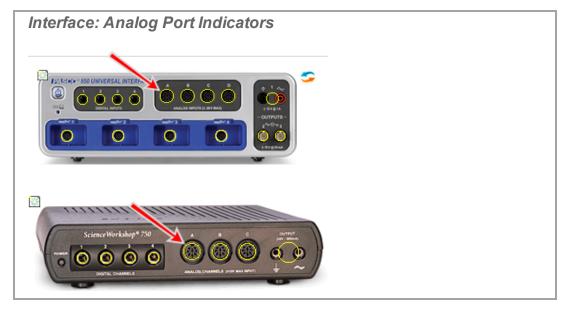


Analog sensor (ScienceWorkshop)

Note: Capstone does not automatically detect most analog ScienceWorkshop sensors.

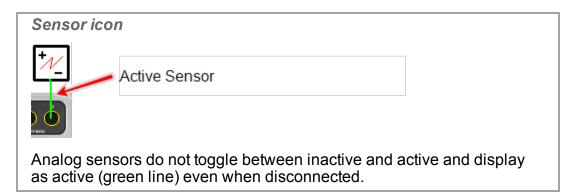
a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



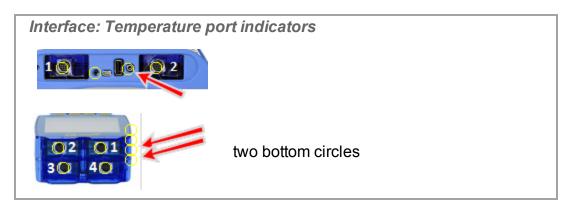


Temperature sensor (SPARK SLS, SPARKlink, SPARKlink Air, and Xplorer GLX)

Note: Capstone automatically detects temperature sensors connected to the internal temperature sensor port.

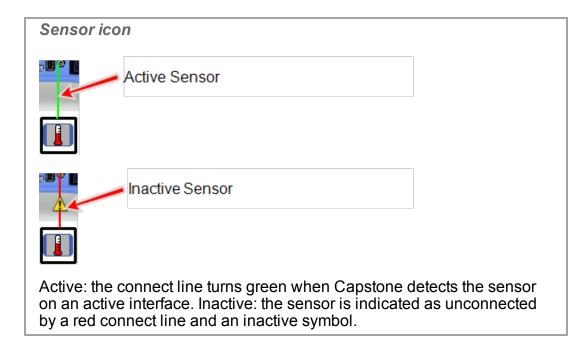
To manually add a temperature sensor:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the temperature port to add a temperature sensor .



The sensor icon appears for the port.



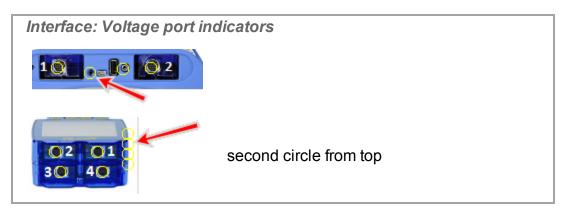


Voltage sensor (SPARK SLS, SPARKlink, SPARKlink Air, and Xplorer GLX)

Note: Capstone automatically detects sound sensors connected to the internal sound sensor port.

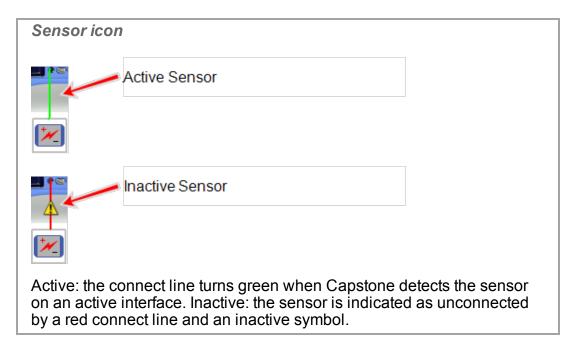
To manually add a voltage sensor:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a voltage sensor.



The sensor icon appears for the port.



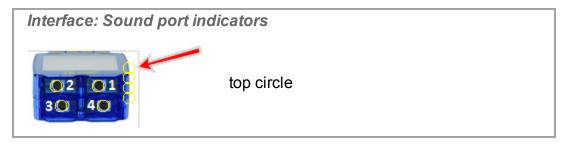


Sound sensor (Xplorer GLX)

Note: Capstone automatically detects voltage sensors connected to the internal voltage sensor port.

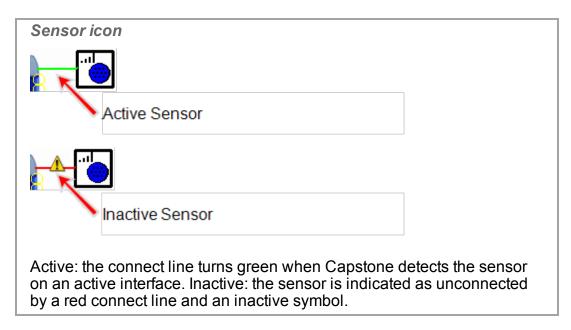
To manually add a sound sensor:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sound sensor.



- b. Select the GLX Sound Level Sensor or the GLX Sound Sensor.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.

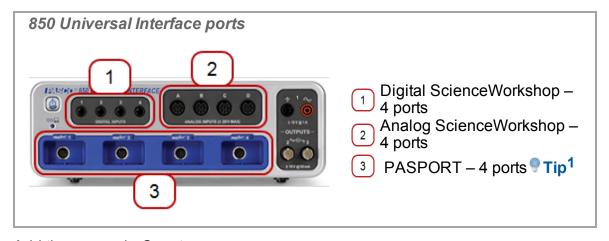




✓ Next step: "Adding a display ": 56

Connecting a sensor with the 850 Interface

1. Plug in PASPORT sensors, digital ScienceWorkshop sensors, or analog ScienceWorkshop (black) sensors.



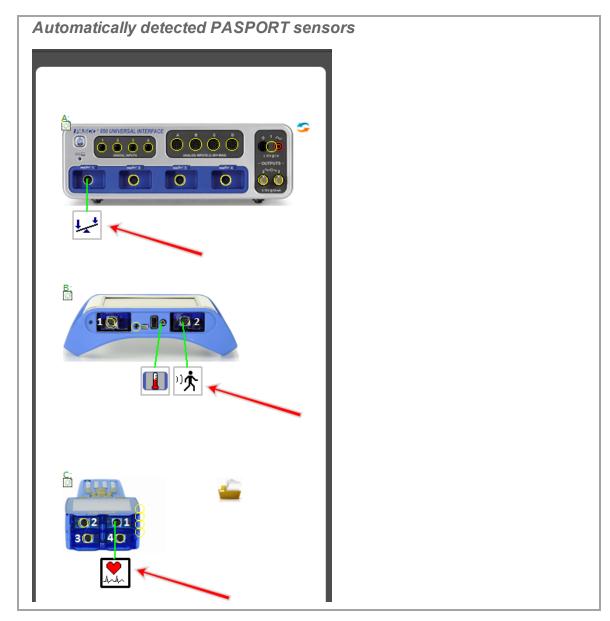
2. Add the sensor in Capstone:

PASPORT sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects properly connected PASPORT sensors.

¹PASPORT sensors are automatically detected.





To manually add a PASPORT sensor:

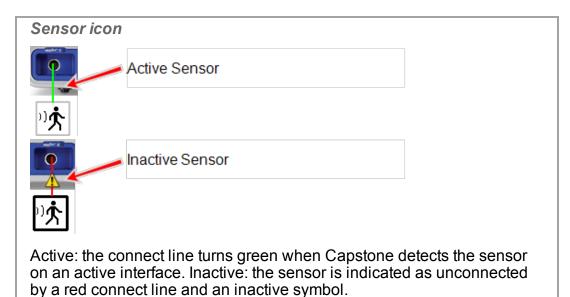


a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Digital sensor (ScienceWorkshop)

Note: Capstone does not automatically detect most digital sensors.

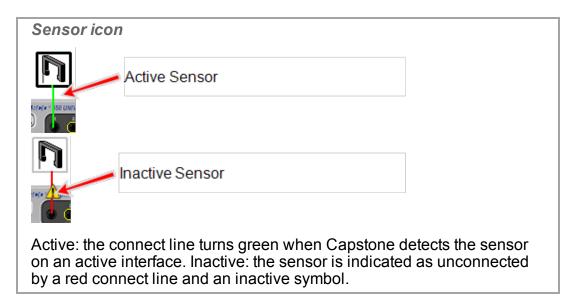


a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.

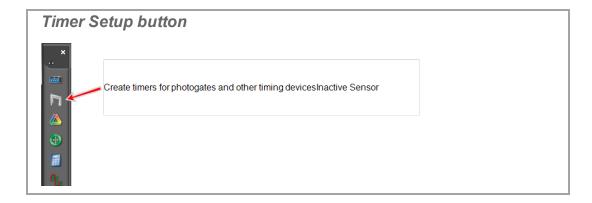




- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



c. Optional: to use the sensor as a timer, click **Timer Setup** in the Tools Palette.



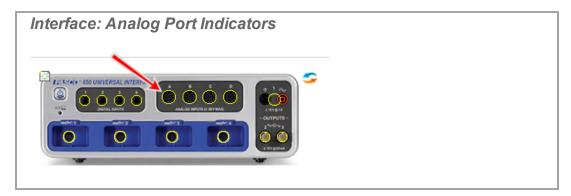


Analog sensor (ScienceWorkshop)

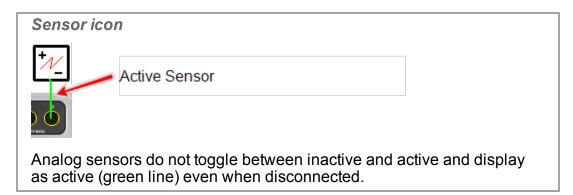
Note: Capstone does not automatically detect most analog ScienceWorkshop sensors.

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Analog ScienceWorkshop sensor (Universal Interface)

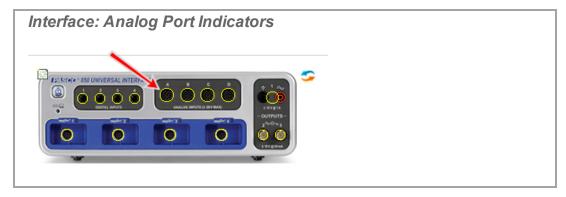
Note: Capstone automatically detects Universal Interface (UI) sensors.

To add a *non-connected* sensor to Capstone:

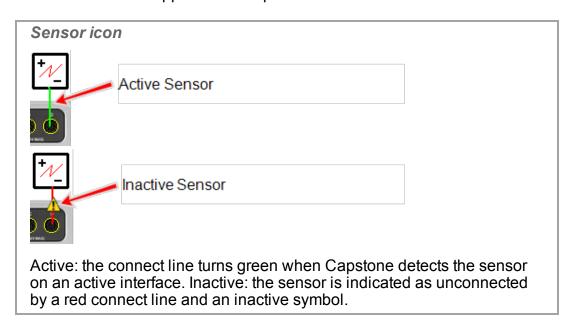


a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.

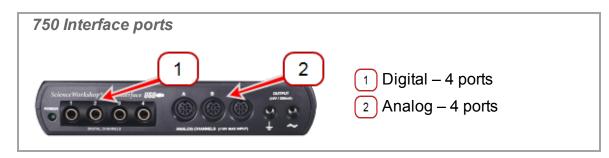


☑ Next step: "Adding a display ": 56

Connecting a sensor with the 750 Interface

1. Plug digital ScienceWorkshop sensors or analog ScienceWorkshop (black) sensors.





2. Add the sensor in Capstone:

Digital sensor (ScienceWorkshop)

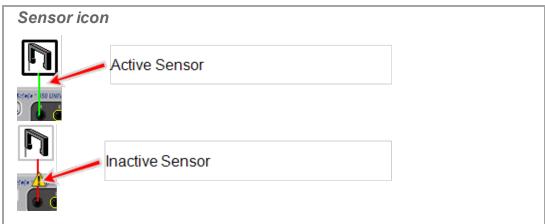
Note: Capstone does not automatically detect most digital sensors.

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





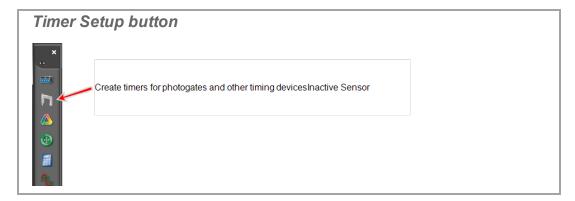
- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Active: the connect line turns green when Capstone detects the sensor on an active interface. Inactive: the sensor is indicated as unconnected by a red connect line and an inactive symbol.



c. Optional: to use the sensor as a timer, click **Timer Setup** in the Tools Palette.



Analog sensor (ScienceWorkshop)

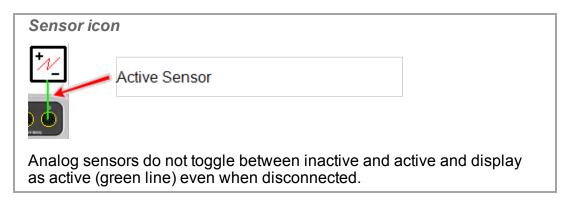
Note: Capstone does not automatically detect most analog ScienceWorkshop sensors.

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Analog ScienceWorkshop sensor (Universal Interface)



Note: Capstone automatically detects Universal Interface (UI) sensors.

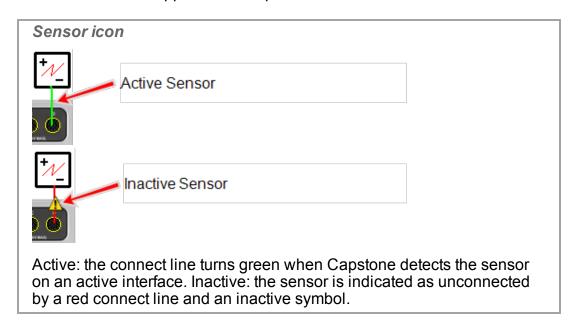
To add a *non-connected* sensor to Capstone:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





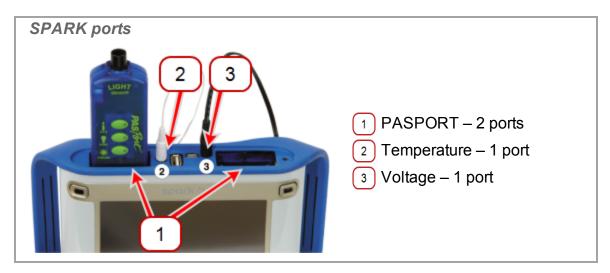
- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.





Connecting a sensor with the SPARK SLS, SPARKlink, SPARKlink Air

1. Plug in PASPORT sensors, temperature probe, and/or voltage leads.

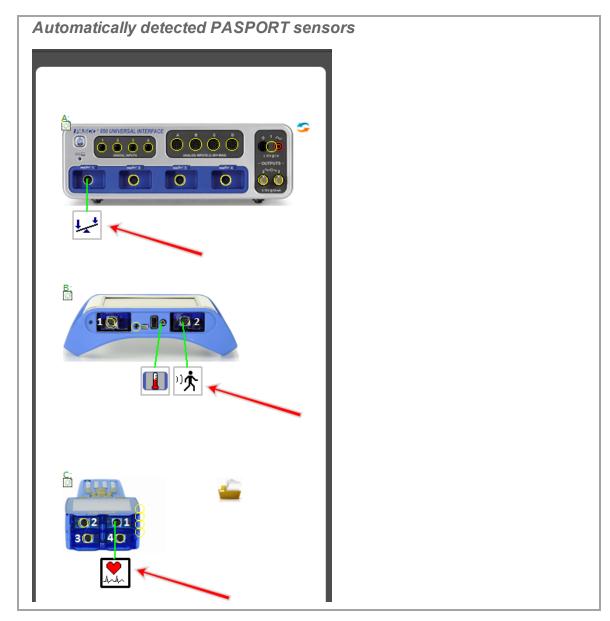


- 2. Press and hold the power button.
- 3. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)
- 4. Add the sensor in Capstone:

PASPORT sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects properly connected PASPORT sensors.





To manually add a PASPORT sensor:

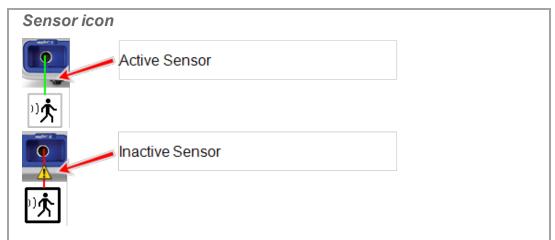


a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



Active: the connect line turns green when Capstone detects the sensor on an active interface. Inactive: the sensor is indicated as unconnected by a red connect line and an inactive symbol.

Temperature sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects temperature sensors connected to the internal temperature sensor port.

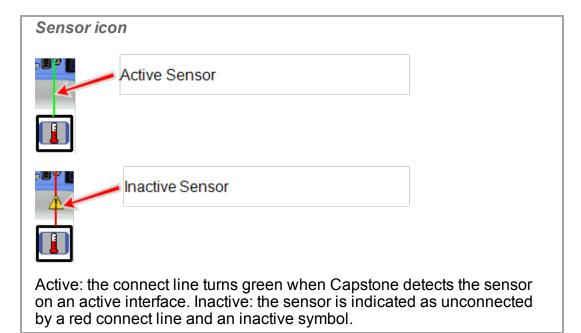
To manually add a temperature sensor:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the temperature port to add a temperature sensor .





The sensor icon appears for the port.



Voltage sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects sound sensors connected to the internal sound sensor port.

To manually add a voltage sensor:

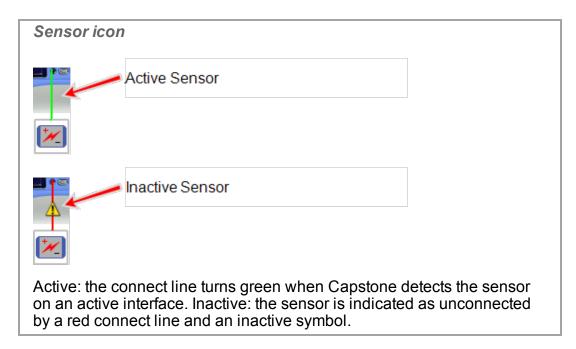
a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a voltage sensor.



The sensor icon appears for the port.

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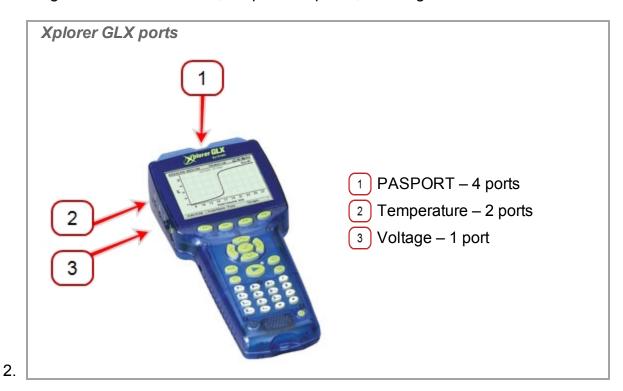






Connecting a sensor with the Xplorer GLX

1. Plug in PASPORT sensors, temperature probe, or voltage leads.

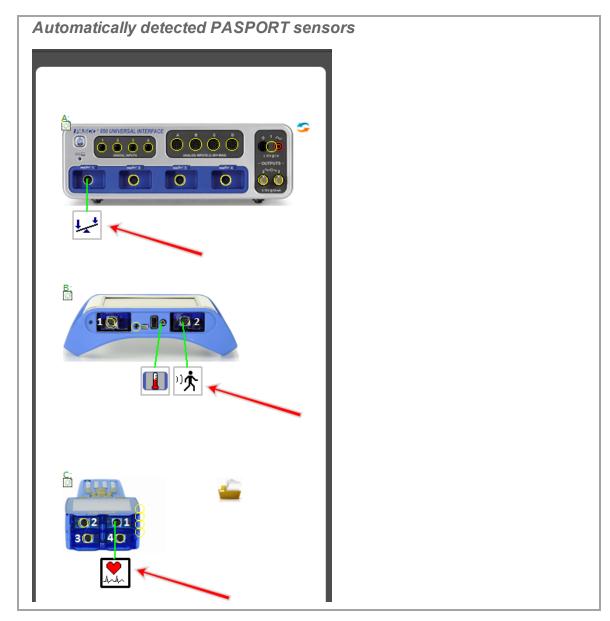


- 3. Press and hold the power button.
- 4. Configure the interface for Capstone. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)
- 5. Add the sensor in Capstone:

PASPORT sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects properly connected PASPORT sensors.





To manually add a PASPORT sensor:

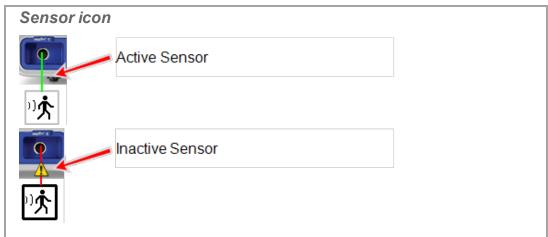


a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sensor.





- b. Select the sensor to add from the drop down list.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.



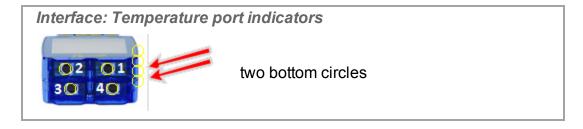
Active: the connect line turns green when Capstone detects the sensor on an active interface. Inactive: the sensor is indicated as unconnected by a red connect line and an inactive symbol.

Temperature sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects temperature sensors connected to the internal temperature sensor port.

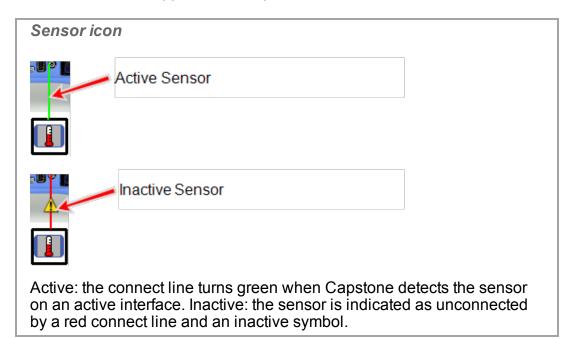
To manually add a temperature sensor:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the temperature port to add a temperature sensor .





The sensor icon appears for the port.

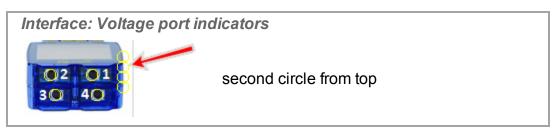


Voltage sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects sound sensors connected to the internal sound sensor port.

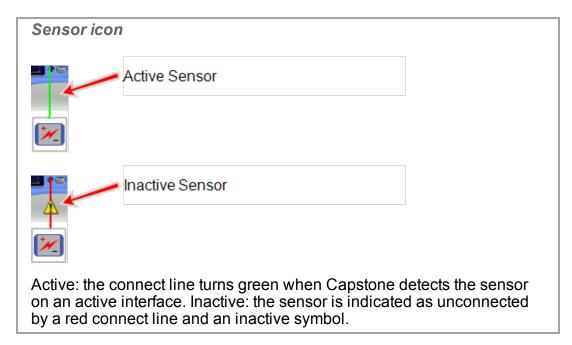
To manually add a voltage sensor:

a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a voltage sensor.



The sensor icon appears for the port.



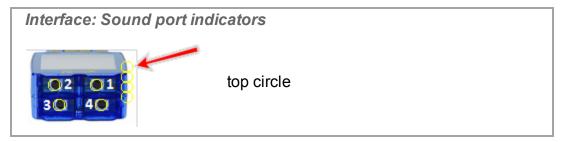


Sound sensor

Note: Capstone automatically detects voltage sensors connected to the internal voltage sensor port.

To manually add a sound sensor:

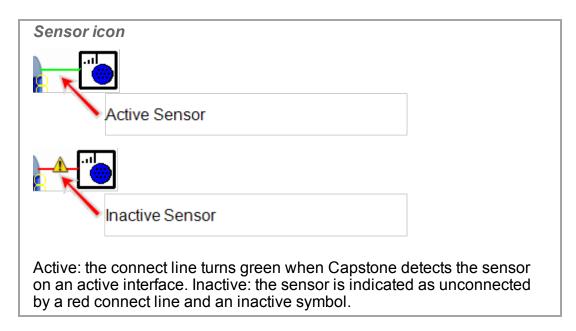
a. Click within the yellow circle of the port to add a sound sensor.



- b. Select the GLX Sound Level Sensor or the GLX Sound Sensor.
 - The sensor icon appears for the port.

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☑ Next step: "Adding a display ": 56

Connecting a sensor with the Digital Adapter or Photogate Port

The Digital Adapter (PASCO part PS-2159) allows any ScienceWorkshop digital sensor sensors to be connected to a PASPORT interface to be used with Capstone. It also allows the use of the ScienceWorkshop Motion Sensor (CI-6742A) and the Rotary Motion Sensor (CI-6538).

The Photogate Port (PS-2123) is an obsolete adapter that supports switch-type sensors, but not the Rotary Motion Sensor or Motion Sensor.

Procedure

- 1. Connect the adapter to your PASPORT interface.
- 2. Connect a digital sensor to the adapter.
 - Tou can connect a switch-type sensor to either port of the adapter.
 - If you are connecting a Motion Sensor or Rotary Motion Sensor, connect the yellow plug to Port 1 and the black plug to Port 2.
- 3. A list of digital sensors and sensor configurations appears.
- 4. Optionally, connect a second switch-type sensor to the other port of the adapter.
- 5. In the list, click one of the sensors or configurations to select it.

☑Next step: "Adding a display ": 56



Connecting a sensor with the Analog Adapter

The Analog Adapter (PASCO part PS-2158) allows analog ScienceWorkshop sensors to be connected to a PASPORT interface to be used with Capstone.

Procedure

- 1. Connect the Analog Adapter to your PASPORT interface.
- 2. Connect an analog sensor to the adapter.
 - A list of sensors appears.
- 3. Click one of the sensors to select it.
- 4. Optionally, click the **Gain:** box and click a gain setting.
- 5. Click OK.

☑Next step: "Adding a display ": 56

Connecting a sensor with the AirLink2

The AirLink2 sensor interface can communicate with computers using the USB connection or the via the bluetooth interface.

☑Next step: "Adding a display ": 56

Adding a display

Capstone provides a highly flexible environment for workbook page layout.

Pages can be created using any combination of templates, drag and drop to targets, and moving and resizing display elements.

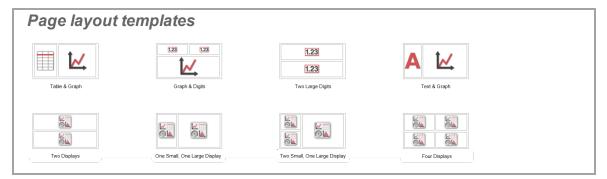
Use a QuickStart template

1. Click one of the provided templates.

Tip

¹You can add or remove display elements after you select a template.





- 2. The selected layout appears in the Display Area
- 3. Click **<Select Measurement>** for each display.
- 4. Select the measurement in the drop-down list.

Note: Sensors that are inactive (not ready to collect data) appear with △. (②See"Connecting an interface": 17 and "Connecting a sensor": 27)

Use drag & drop and targets

- 1. Click one of the display icons in the Displays Palette.
- 2. Drag the icon to the Display Area.
- Use the Page layout targets to quickly format the page.
 Using Page layout targets
 - 1. Drag a display icon to one of the five targets.
 - 2. Move the cursor around open area of the page.
 - 3. The target turns darker as you approach it and is selected when the border on the target appears.
 - 4. Drop the icon on a selected target.
 - Page targets divide the available area into the following five sections:

 Tip1

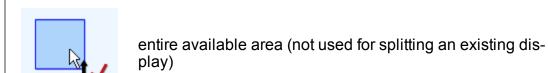
Note: Page targets divide either an open area or an existing display.

DENIE

¹Use targets to quickly divide an existing display into two displays.

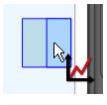


Page layout targets





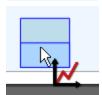
left half (divided vertically–left half shows darker than right)



right half (divided vertically–right half shows darker than left)



top half (divided horizontally-top half shows darker than bottom)



bottom half (divided horizontally–bottom half shows darker than top)

- 4. The selected layout appears in the Display Area Tip1
- 5. Add more displays noting the Page layout targets.
- 6. Click the **<Select Measurement>** button for each display.
- 7. Select the measurement in the drop-down list.

Note: Sensors that are inactive (not ready to collect data) appear with ⚠. (②See"Connecting an interface": 17 and "Connecting a sensor": 27)

Moving and resizing

Capstone uses handles to move and resize individual displays on a page. Capstone includes vertical and horizontal alignment borders for easy display alignment.

Moving a display

1. Click on the display you wish to move to make it active.

¹You can add or remove display elements after you select a template.



2. Move the cursor until the border darkens and the move (hand) symbol appears.

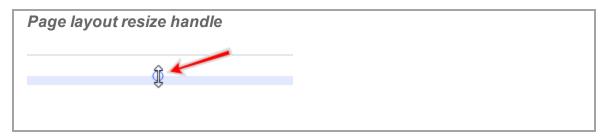


3. Click and drag the display to new location.

Note: The alignment guides appear (dotted lines) when the display border aligns with adjacent displays.

Resizing a display

- 1. Click on the display to move to make it active.
- 2. Move the cursor to one of the eight resize handles (circle).



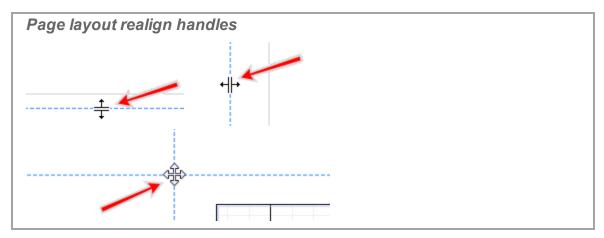
3. Click and drag the border to new position.

Note: The alignment guides appear (dotted lines) when the display border aligns with adjacent displays.

Realigning displays

1. Move the cursor between displays until the desired move border symbol appears.





2. Click and drag the border to new position.

This action might affect multiple displays.

It might be necessary to move displays to align to a common alignment border. (
 ✓ See "Moving a display": 58)

☑ Next step: "Starting an experiment": 60

Starting an experiment

Capstone provides several controls in the Controls Palette for collecting data.

Pre-work

- 1. Connect one or more interfaces. (See "Connecting an interface": 17)
- 2. Connect one or more sensors. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)
- 3. Add one or displays. (See "Adding a display ": 56)

Note: Sensors that are inactive (not ready to collect data) appear with ⚠. (②See"Connecting an interface": 17 and "Connecting a sensor": 27)

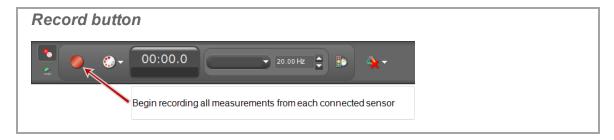
Start data collection with default settings

Note: Measurements in displays that are inactive (not ready to collect data) appear with \triangle . Additionally, the data record button turns gray if there is not at least one active interface and sensor.

(See "Connecting an interface": 17 and "Connecting a sensor": 27)



1. Click **Record** in the Controls Palette.



- Capstone begins recording all available data.
- Record toggles to Stop .
- 2. Click **Stop** in the Controls Palette to stop data collection.
 - Collected data appear in all displays of the current page.
 - The data run is listed in the legend for each display.
 - Recorded data appear on the **Sensor Data Summary** tab (*) in **Data Summary**, and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Run #%1**, where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.

Removing data runs

- Delete Last Run: click **Delete Last Run** 🛠 in the Controls Palette .
- Delete Selected Runs: click the down arrow next to Delete Last Run
 and select a specific run.
- Delete All Runs: click the down arrow next to Delete Last Run and select Delete All Runs. Tip¹

Note: The run data is removed from all displays, legends, and the data summary. Click the **Undo** button at the top to recover the data.

Next step (optional): Downloading experiments

Downloading Capstone experiments

PASCO provides several ready-made experiments for Capstone.

Tip²

¹You can delete all data for the run and repeat data collection.

²The lab might contain multiple pages including: ♦ introduction ♦ theory ♦ setup & procedures ♦ analysis ♦ conclusions



- 1. Go to the Capstone experiments web page: http://www.-pasco.com/family/capstone-experiments/index.cfm
- 2. Select a subject area, for example **Thermodynamics**.
- 3. Select the Free Experiments Files tab.
- 4. Scroll through the list of ready-made experiments and click to download the experiment files.
- 5. Copy the files from your download folder to your Capstone experiments folder.
 - The download might contain the following:
 - Capstone application files; these have a ".cap" file extension
 - Editable lab guides
 - Images
- 6. Open the *.cap file from Capstone.
 - a. Click File > Open Experiment....
 - b. Navigate to the experiment file.
 - c. Click Open.



3 How do I...

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[&]quot;How do I export all data?": 68

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How do I... Installation and Update

"How do I automate a network installation?": 66

"How do I force an update to an interface?": 66

How do I automate a network installation?

You must have a valid site license to perform a network installation. PASCO Capstone uses an InstallShield installer, which packages the Windows Installer (msi) into an executable setup file: PASCO_Capstone_Setup.exe. Both the InstallShield installer and the packaged msi can be controlled using command line switches: See InstallShield Note 1039936 for details on the InstallShield switches and Microsoft Note 227091 for information on the msi switches.

Below is an example of a silent installation:

- 1. Copy the installation file PASCO_Capstone_Setup.exe that you have either downloaded or obtained from a CD to the root directory of your hard drive "C:".
- 2. Go to Start > Run...
- 3. Type C:/PASCO_Capstone_Setup.exe /s /v"/qb". (/s = installer runs silently, /v = passes the parameter that follows immediately after in quotes to the msi installer, /qb = msi runs with no modal dialog boxes.)
- 4. Run the software.
- 5. Enter your license key when prompted.
- 6. After the license key is accepted, copy ResourceFiles.rc located at C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Application Data\PASCO Scientific\ResourceFiles.rc (Windows XP) or C:\Program Data\PASCO Scientific\ResourceFiles.rc (Window 7) to the same location on the other computers by means of a batch copy command or other mechanism.

Contact "Teacher and Technical Support": ii for instructions to install on Windows 8 and MAC.

How do I force an update to an interface?

PASCO Capstone prompts to update the interface if a new firmware version exists.

Follow these steps if an interface requires re-installing existing firmware to correct firmware corruption issues:

- 1. Unplug the interface from the USB port or turn it off.
- 2. Run PASCO Capstone.
- 3. Hold down CTRL+U while connecting or turning on the interface.



How do I... Experiment Files

"How do I download and open PASCO ready-made experiments?": 67

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"How do I export all data?": 68

"How do I open DataStudio experiments and data?": 68

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How do I download and open PASCO ready-made experiments?

PASCO provides several ready-made experiments for Capstone.

Tip¹

- 1. Go to the Capstone experiments web page: http://www.-pasco.com/family/capstone-experiments/index.cfm
- 2. Select a subject area, for example **Thermodynamics**.
- 3. Select the Free Experiments Files tab.
- 4. Scroll through the list of ready-made experiments and click to download the experiment files.
- 5. Copy the files from your download folder to your Capstone experiments folder.
 - The download might contain the following:
 - Capstone application files; these have a ".cap" file extension
 - · Editable lab guides
 - Images
- 6. Open the *.cap file from Capstone.
 - a. Click File > Open Experiment....
 - b. Navigate to the experiment file.
 - c. Click Open.

¹The lab might contain multiple pages including: ♦ introduction ♦ theory ♦ setup & procedures ♦ analysis ♦ conclusions



How do I save my experiment?

Click File > Save Experiment.

All of the data, displays, toolbar states and formatting are saved.

Note: Deleted data and undo history are not saved.

How do I export all data?

- 1. Click File > Export Data...
- 2. Select a file type: Text (Tab delimited) (*.txt); CSV (Comma delimited) (*.csv).
- 3. Navigate to the location to save the file.
- 4. Click Save.

How do I open DataStudio experiments and data?

PASCO Capstone can open and convert most DataStudio 1.9 files to Capstone format.

- 1. Click File > Open Experiment...
- 2. Click on the file type pull-down menu, and select: DataStudio 1.9 files (*.ds)
- 3. Click Open.
 - Capstone places *each* display from the DataStudio on separate Capstone workbook pages.
 - Each display is sized to the full page.
 - Each page (tab) is named with the display name.
- 4. Recommended: save the experiment as a Capstone file. (See "How do I save my experiment?": 68)
- 5. Re-layout the Capstone pages as desired.

To combine multiple displays on a single page:

- a. Resize and move the display that will contain multiple displays to create a space for additional display(s). (See "Moving and resizing": 58)
- b. Click on page tab containing display to move.
- c. Resize the display smaller than full page.
- d. Select the display border, right click and select Cut.



- e. Click on the page, right-click and select Paste.
- f. Resize and move as desired.

How do I open Xplorer GLX, SPARK SLS, and other non-Capstone experiments and data?

Xplorer GLX

PASCO Capstone can open and convert most DataStudio 1.9 and Xplorer GLX files to Capstone format.

(For files resident on the Xplorer GLX: see "How do I import Xplorer GLX data?": 71)

- 1. Click File > Open Experiment...
- 2. Click on the file type pull-down menu, and select: GLX Files (*.glx)
- 3. Click Open.
- 4. Recommended: save the experiment as a Capstone file. (See "How do I save my experiment?": 68)

Xplorer and 500 Dataloggers

TBD

SPARK SLS Experiments

TBD

How do I import data from Microsoft Excel*?

[®]Tip¹

- 1. Open Microsoft Excel with the file containing your data.
- 2. Highlight the data within one column.
- 3. Press CTRL+C to copy the data.
- 4. Open PASCO Capstone.
- 5. Create a Table. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 6. Click on <Select Measurement> in a column.

¹Capstone supports export as tab-delimited text, which can be imported into almost any spreadsheet or data analysis program. Note that Capstone is a complete data collection, visualization, and analysis tool; therefore, it is generally easier to analyze the data in Capstone than to export to another software program for analysis.



- 7. Select Create New > User-Entered Data.
- 8. Optional: Rename the measurement and give it appropriate units.
- 9. Click in the cell of the **User-Entered Data** column where you would like to have the data pasted.
- 10. Press CTRL+V to paste.
- 11. Repeat for additional columns of data.
 - Each column of data is a separate data set.
 - Imported data are listed in the User-Entered Data Summary tab () of Data Summary.

How do I export data to Microsoft Excel*?



Export All Data

- 1. Select File > Export Data...
- 2. Select **CSV** (comma delimited) as the file type.
- 3. Click Save.

Export Selected Data

- 1. Create a Table. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 2. Select the data that you would like to copy:
 - All data: click anywhere in the table and press CTRL+A.
 - All of the data in a column: click anywhere on the heading of the column where there is no text.
 - Visible part of a table: click and drag to select data.
- 3. Press CTRL+C to copy data to clipboard.
- 4. Open Microsoft Excel*.
- 5. Click in a cell where you would like the data to appear.
- 6. Press CTRL+V to paste data.

¹Capstone supports export as tab-delimited text, which can be imported into almost any spreadsheet or data analysis program. Note that Capstone is a complete data collection, visualization, and analysis tool; therefore, it is generally easier to analyze the data in Capstone than to export to another software program for analysis.



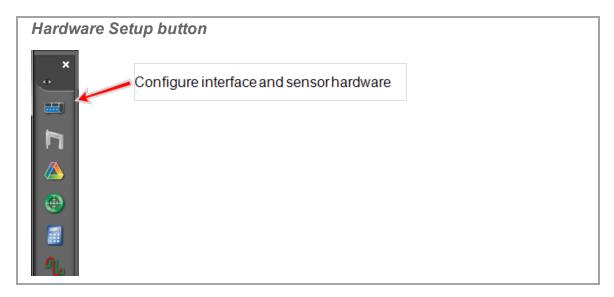
Note: You can define the format in Excel to include significant digits. (Format as **Number** with a defined number of decimal places.)

How do I import Xplorer GLX data?

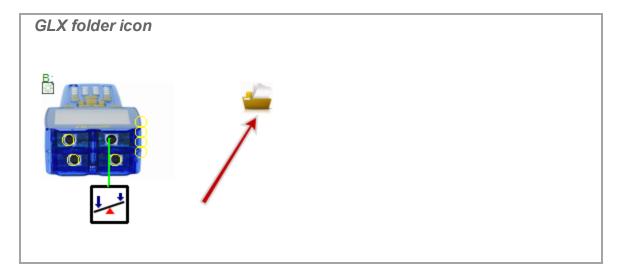
Note: For Xplorer GLX files on the host computer: see "How do I open DataStudio experiments and data?": 68

To transfer experiments (including data files) from the Xplorer GLX to Capstone:

- 1. Connect the Xplorer GLX to Capstone.
- 2. Click **Hardware Setup** in the Tools Palette: .



3. Click the yellow file folder icon next to the Xplorer GLX: •





- 4. Click Download All.
- 5. Navigate a folder and click **Select Folder**.
- 6. Click File > Open Experiment....
- 7. Select **GLX Files (*.glx)** from the file type drop down.
- 8. Navigate to the saved file.
- 9. Click Open.

Capstone opens the experiment and data for analysis and further data acquisition.



How do I... Data and Measurements

"How do I record data in PASCO Capstone? ": 73

"How do I delete data runs?": 79

"How do I choose one or more runs to display?": 79

"How do I identify a measurement when I have multiple of the same type?": 80

"How do I change the numerical format of data?": 81

"How do I change the numerical format of statistics?": 83

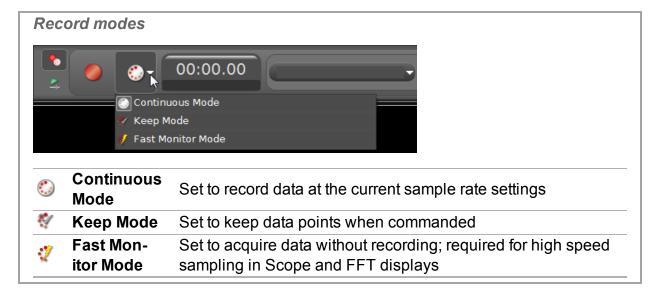
"How do I exclude, delete, and restore selected data?": 84

"How do I edit a measurement?": 87

"How do I create a pure mathematical function?": 87

How do I record data in PASCO Capstone?

There are three data recording modes in PASCO Capstone. Data recording is controlled by the settings on the record tab of the Controls Palette.



Detailed Explanations



Continuous Mode Set to record data at the current sample rate settings

Behavior

- All measurement Data continuously records as soon as Record is clicked in the Controls Palette until the Stop is clicked (or the hardware is no longer able to process the data—at which time data collection will stop with an error message).
- Data records at the specified sample rate(s).
 - See "What is Continuous Mode?": 168

Procedure

- 1. Select **Continuous Mode** in the Controls Palette.
- 2. Adjust the sample rates of each of the measurements:
 - Ensure sensors are sufficiently responsive for desired data while low enough so that the computer system can keep up with data sampling and does not generate excessive file sizes.



4. Click **Record** on the Controls Palette.



- Capstone begins recording all available data.
- Record toggles to Stop ...
- 5. Click **Stop** in the Controls Palette to stop data collection.
 - Collected data appear in all displays of the current page.

¹A data set including measurement and user-defined data from sensors and time data.



- The data run is listed in the legend for each display.
- Recorded data appear on the **Sensor Data Summary** tab (*) in **Data Summary**, and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Run #%1**, where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.
- Keep Mode Set to keep data points when commanded

Behavior

- Manual recording mode.
- The measurement sample rate(s) determine the rate at which data samples are *previewed* (not recorded).
- Data 1 records when and only when Keep Sample

 ✓ is clicked in the Controls Palette while monitoring data.
- One instance of all data is recorded each time Keep Sample

 ✓ is clicked.

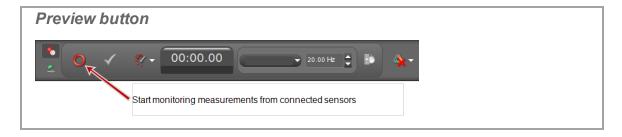
Procedure

Tip: You can use a table with **Keep Mode** to build data for specific points. (See "How do I use a table to build data in Keep Mode?": 124)_

- 1. Select **Keep Mode** in the Controls Palette.
- 2. Adjust the sample rates of each of the measurements so that the sensors are sufficiently responsive for desired data.



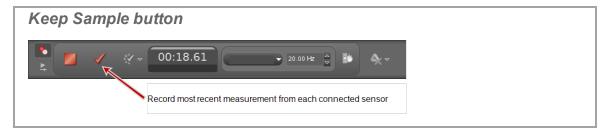
3. Click **Preview** oin the Controls Palette.



¹A data set including measurement and user-defined data from sensors and time data.



- Capstone begins monitoring data and displays previews.
- Preview toggles to Stop ...
- ♦ Keep Sample ✓ button is active.
- 4. Click **Keep Sample** ✓ to record the data currently monitored.
 - One instance of all data is recorded.



- 5. Repeatedly click **Keep Sample** ✓ to record data.
 - One instance of all data is recorded each time Keep Sample

 ✓ is clicked.
- 6. Optional: Replace values in a table. (See "Replacing a current value in a table": 125.)

Note: You can replace data in tables while in preview mode for the run (before clicking Stop).

See "How do I edit a measurement?": 87 to edit data after you click Stop ...

- 7. Click **Stop** in the Controls Palette to stop observing the data.
 - Ocllected data appear in all displays of the current page.
 - The data run is listed in the legend for each display.
 - Recorded data appear on the **Sensor Data Summary** tab (*) in **Data Summary**, and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Run #%1**, where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.



Fast Monitor Mode Set to acquire data without recording; required for high speed sampling in Scope and FFT displays

Behavior

- Intended for use with workbooks pages containing the FFT or Scope displays.
- Designed for viewing periodic data or triggered transient events.
- Monitor O displays data without recording.
- Snapshot C records the monitored data.
 - Only Data¹ that is currently visible in the display is recorded each time Snapshot

 is clicked.
 - Unsaved buffer data is also recorded when closing Capstone.
- Can repeatedly monitor and record data points.
 - See "What is Fast Monitor Mode?": 169

Procedure

- 1. Select **Fast Monitor Mode** in the Controls Palette.
- 2. Adjust the sample rates of each of the measurements so that the sensors are sufficiently responsive for desired data.



3. Select one or more scope or FFT displays. (See "Adding a display ": 56)

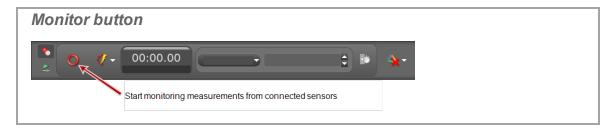
Note: To record a *single event*, use the scope display and click the single-shot button **1**. (②See "What does the Single Shot button do?": 178)

4. Click **Monitor** O in the Controls Palette.

12:43:40

¹A data set including measurement and user-defined data from sensors and time data.





5. Click **Stop** in the Controls Palette to stop observing the data.



- Capstone freezes the display.
- 6. Scale the data to fit the data to record within the displays. (See "How do I pan and scale?": 110)
- 7. Click **Snapshot** \triangle in the scope toolbar.



Capstone records the data.

Notes:

Only the data that is visible in the plot area is recorded as a run when **Snapshot** is clicked.

Recorded data appear on the sensor tab in the Data Summary tab (*), and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Monitor Run-- ScopeSnapshot%1** where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.



How do I delete data runs?

- Delete Last Run: click Delete Last Run kin the Controls Palette.
- Delete Selected Runs: click the down arrow next to Delete Last Run
 and select a specific run.
- Delete All Runs: click the down arrow next to Delete Last Run and select Delete All Runs. Tip¹

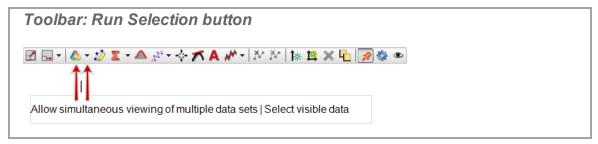
Note: The run data is removed from all displays, legends, and the data summary. Click the **Undo** button at the top to recover the data.

How do I choose one or more runs to display?

By default, PASCO Capstone displays the last run recorded or the currently selected measurement in Replay mode.

To select a different run to display:

1. Click the pull-down arrow (▼) next to **Run Selection** △▼ ✓ in the toolbar.



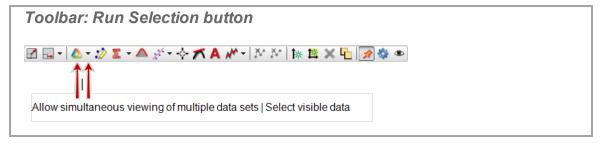
2. Select the run to display.

To display multiple runs:

¹You can delete all data for the run and repeat data collection.



1. Click to depress **Run Selection** \triangle in the toolbar.



Selected runs display simultaneous with the button is depressed.

- 2. Click the pull-down arrow (▼) next to **Run Selection** △▼ ✓ in the toolbar.
- 3. Select the one or more runs to display.

How do I identify a measurement when I have multiple of the same type?

One instance of a measurement

Format for a single instance of a specific measurement:

Measurement Type (units)

Example: Force (N)

Multiple instances of measurement-one interface connected

Format for multiple instances of a specific measure with one interface connected:

Measurement Type, Port (units)

Example: Force, Ch P1 (N)

Where:

Measurement Type = Force

Port on interface = P1 (Port identifier on the interface "P1" \rightarrow PASPORT sensor number 1)

Multiple instances of measurement-multiple interfaces connected

Format for multiple instances of a specific measure with multiple interfaces connected:

Measurement Type, Channel:Port (units)

Example: Force, Ch A:P1 (N)

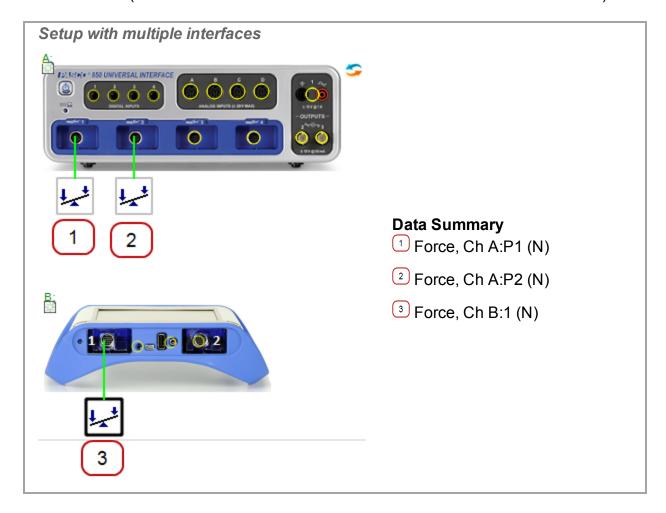
Where:

Measurement Type = Force



Channel = A (Interface identifier "A")

Port = P1 (Port identifier on the interface "P1" → PASPORT sensor number 1)

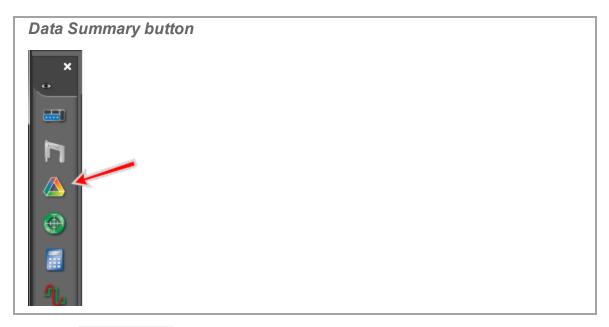


How do I change the numerical format of data?

Note: Changing data precision correspondingly changes the precision of statistics that use the data.



1. Click **Data Summary** \triangle in the Tools Palette.



- 2. Click the **Sensor Data** tab ...
- 3. Click the measurement to change.
- 4. Click **Properties** that appears to the right of the measurement. The **Properties** window opens.
- 5. Click Numerical Format.
- 6. Set the desired numerical format:

Numerical Format	Description
Number of Decimal Places	Set the number of digits that will appear to the right of the decimal.
Apply Scientific Notation Thresholds	Select to enable Scientific Notation Thresholds
Scientific Notation Thresholds	Determines when the unit range transitions into scientific notation.
Lower Exponent Threshold ≤ Upper Exponent Threshold ≥	Apply limits for which the unit range transitions into scientific notation.
Apply Zero Level Thresholds	■ Select to enable Apply Zero Level Thresholds
Apply Zero Level Thresholds	Apply the limit under which the number is considered to be zero.
	·

7. Click OK.

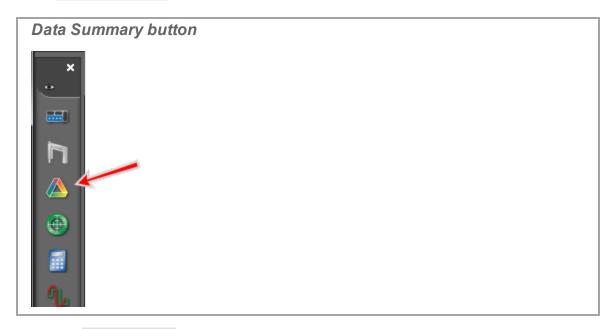


How do I change the numerical format of statistics?

Note: Changing data statistics precision correspondingly changes the precision of data.

To change the numerical format of the statistics, change the numerical format of the data on which the statistics are based.

1. Click **Data Summary** 4 in the Tools Palette.



- 2. Click the **Sensor Data** tab ...
- 3. Click the measurement to change.
- 4. Click **Properties** that appears to the right of the measurement. The **Properties** window opens.
- 5. Click Numerical Format.



6. Set the desired numerical format:

Numerical Format	Description
Number of Decimal Places	Set the number of digits that will appear to the right of the decimal.
Apply Scientific Notation Thresholds	Select to enable Scientific Notation Thresholds
Scientific Notation Thresholds	Determines when the unit range transitions into scientific notation.
Lower Exponent Threshold ≤ Upper Exponent Threshold ≥	Apply limits for which the unit range transitions into scientific notation.
Apply Zero Level Thresholds	■ Select to enable Apply Zero Level Thresholds
Apply Zero Level Thresholds	Apply the limit under which the number is considered to be zero.

7. Click OK.

How do I exclude, delete, and restore selected data?

Note: You can create User-Entered Data to copy and edit/delete data in the list. (See "How do I edit a measurement?": 87)

Table

- 1. Highlight cells (click one cell or click and drag across multiple cells \P Tip 1).
- 2. Exclude Selected Data: Right-click and select Exclude Data.
- 3. Delete Selected Data: Right-click and select Delete Cell Data.

Note: Excluded data are masked in the data set and are not used by Capstone for data operations including display and calculations. Excluded data can be restored at any time.

Note: Deleted data are removed from the data set and the data cannot be restored at a later time. You can immediately undo a delete action by clicking **Undo** .

15/4/4010 .

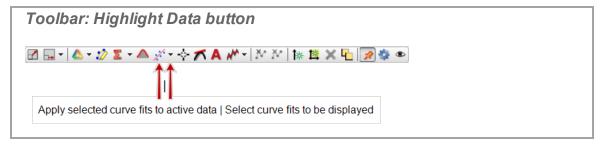
¹Click the table heading to highlight all data in the table column.



Deleted and Excluded L	Data in a Table	
0.900	0.30	_
0.950	0.26	_
1.000	0.25	_
1.050	0.19	_
1.100	0.18	Deleted data are
1.150	2 0.18	removed. Note the gap in time data.
1.200	0.18	2 Evaluded data display
1.250	0.21	 Excluded data display with strikethrough.
1.300	0.28	_
1.350	0.35	_
1.400	0.42	_
2.200	0.42	

Graph

1. Click **Highlight range of points in active data** in the toolbar.



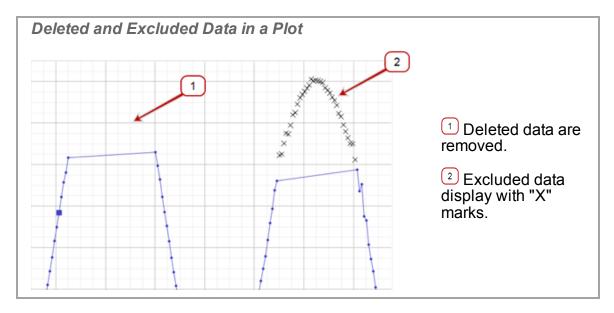
- 2. Move and resize the selection rectangle as needed.
- 3. Exclude Selected Data: Right-click and select Exclusions > Exclude High-lighted Data Points.
- 4. **Delete Selected Data**: Right-click and select **Deletions** > **Delete Highlighted Data Points**.
- 5. **Delete Excluded Data**: Right-click and select **Deletions** > **Delete ALL Excluded Data Points**.

Note: Excluded data are masked in the data set and are not used by Capstone for data operations including display and calculations. Excluded data can be restored at any time.

Note: Deleted data are removed from the data set and the data cannot be



restored at a later time. You can immediately undo a delete action by clicking **Undo** .



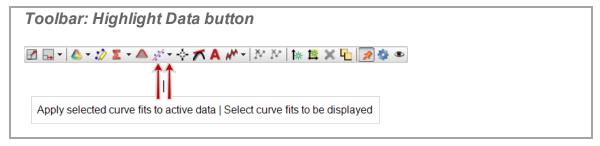
To restore excluded data

Table

- 1. Highlight excluded cells. **Tip**¹
- 2. Right-click and select Restored Excluded Data

Graph

1. Click **Highlight range of points in active data** in the toolbar.



- 2. Move and resize the selection rectangle as needed to highlight excluded data points.
- 3. Restore Selected Data: Right-click and select Exclusions > Restore Excluded Data Points Within Highlighter's Bounds.
- 4. Restore All Data: Right-click and select Exclusions > Restore ALL Excluded Data Points.

¹Click the table heading to highlight all data in the table column.



How do I edit a measurement?

Measurements cannot be edited directly in PASCO Capstone. You can create User-Entered Data to copy and edit/delete data in the list.

Note: You can use Exclude Data to exclude selected data from analysis and Displays. (See "How do I exclude, delete, and restore selected data?": 84)

- 1. Create a Table. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 2. Click **<Select Measurement>** in the first column.
- 3. Select the measurement you would like edit.
- 4. Click **<Select Measurement>** in the second column.
- 5. Select Create New > User-Entered Data.
- 6. Click on the top of the first column.
- 7. Right click and select **Copy Values** (or use **CTRL+C**).
- 8. Click in the first cell of the **User Data %1** (where **%1** is serial number) column.
- 9. Right-click and select Paste Values (or use CTRL+V).
- 10. Edit data in cells:
 - a. Change values in cells as needed.
 - b. Highlight cells and right-click to select: Clear Values, Insert Cells, Delete Cell Data, or Exclude Data as needed.
- 11. Click on **User Data %1** in the column heading, select rename, and enter a meaningful name and units.
 - Imported data are listed in the **User-Entered Data Summary** tab () of **Data Summary**.

How do I create a pure mathematical function?

Graph a purely mathematical function by defining a model and then creating a calculation on the model within the calculator.

Procedure

- 1. Create a model in the calculator.
 - a. Open the Calculator. (See "How do I create a calculation? ": 99)
 - b. Right click on a new calculation line and select Insert Model Range.

15744040.

¹A sequence of values within a range and a defined number of steps or step size.



The Edit Model Range Properties window opens.

c. Set the **Start Value:** of the range.

d. Set the **End Value**: of the range.

e. Select option:

Option	Action	Example Format:
Step Count:	Set the number of values between the Start Value and End Value.	{0 10;100} Start Value: 0; End Value: 10; Step Count: 100
Step Size:	Set the increment size between values in the range. A smaller step size will produce more values in the range and a larger step size will produce fewer values in the range.	{0 10;+1} Start Value: 0; End Value: 10; Step Size: 1

2. Click OK.

3. Insert an equation using the Model on a new calculation line. (∠See "How do I create a calculation? ": 99)

Calculations appear on the **Calculation Data Summary** tab () in **Data Summary**, and are selectable from any data display. (See "How do I use my calculation?": 102)

Example in Calculator

```
y = {0 .. 10;100}
z = sin(y)^2
w = integral([y(units)],y)
```

Where:

y is a model

z and w are functions based on model y.



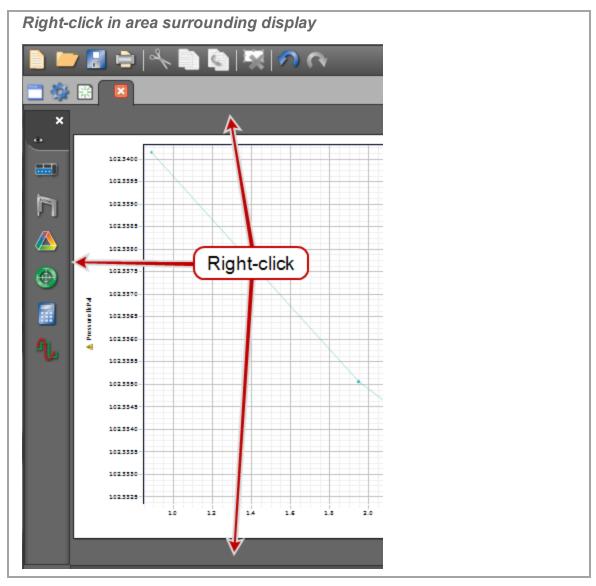
How do I... Workbooks

"How do I show, hide, and lock the palettes?": 89

"How do I change what display toolbar buttons are visible?": 90

How do I show, hide, and lock the palettes?

1. Right-click anywhere in the gray area surrounding a workbook page.



2. Show/hide: click the palette that you would like to show (■) or hide (■).



- 3. Lock/unlock: click **Lock Page** to lock (**■**) or unlock page (**■**).
 - Ducked pages:
 - Displays cannot be added or removed.
 - Text Entry Box elements are active and accept user entries.
 - Displays can be scaled and panned.

How do I change what display toolbar buttons are visible?

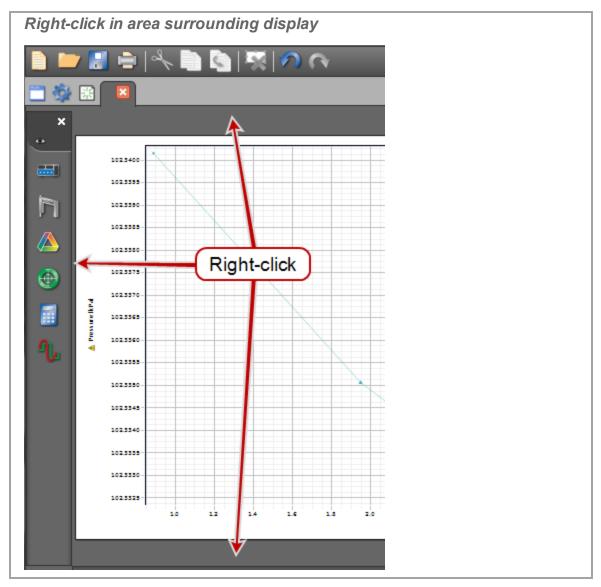
1. Click on Visibility Menu [®] in the display Toolbar.



f the Visibility Menu button sis not available: right-click anywhere in the gray



area surrounding a workbook page and deselect Lock Page.



2. Click the buttons that you would like to show () or hide () on the toolbar.



How do I... Sensors

"How do I zero a measurement?": 92

"How do I switch the sign on a sensor?": 93

"How do I calibrate a sensor?": 94

"How do I calibrate a motion sensor?": 95

"How do I calibrate a drop counter?": 96

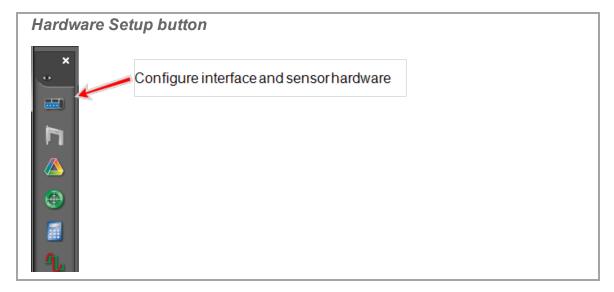
"How do I calibrate a pH sensor?": 97

How do I zero a measurement?

Note: If a sensor is selected in the Controls Palette that supports zeroing, the Controls Palette includes a **Zero Sensor Now** button

Procedure

- 1. Connect the sensor to PASCO Capstone. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)
- 2. Click **Hardware Setup** in the Tools Palette: .



- 3. Click on the sensor to zero.
- 4. Click **Properties** in the lower right corner of the Hardware Setup window.
 - The **Properties** window opens.
- 5. Select option:



These options will not appear for sensors that do not have these capabilities.

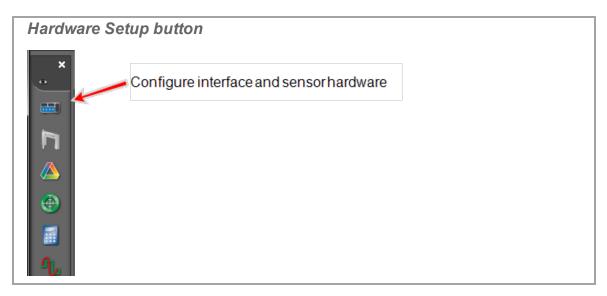
Option	Description
Zero Sensor Meas- urements at Start	Zero this sensor's measurements each time a new run is recorded.
Zero Sensor Now	Zero this sensor's measurements when the button is clicked.

6. Click OK.

How do I switch the sign on a sensor?

Method 1: configuring sensor (that supports sign change)

1. Click Hardware Setup in the Tools Palette: .



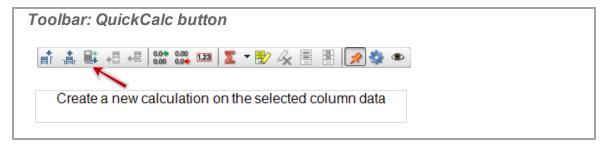
- 2. Click on the sensor to Change Sign.
- 3. Click **Properties** in the lower right corner of the Hardware Setup window.
- 4. The **Properties** window opens.
- 5. Click Change Sign ■.
 - This option will not appear for sensors that do not have this capability.
- 6. Click OK.
 - The sensor automatically switches the sign when recording data.

Method 2: using QuickCalc (any sensor)

- 1. Create a Table. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 2. Click **<Select Measurement>** and select the measurement to change sign.



3. Click QuickCalc in the toolbar.



- A new table column is added with a default calculation that includes the selected measurement.
- 4. Rename the calculation to something meaningful.
- 5. Add a negative sign in the calculation before the measurement.

Example: ForceA=-[Force(N)]

- 6. Press Enter.
 - The new column is the opposite sign of the original measurement data.
- 7. Click on the units in the new column and change to something meaningful.
 - Calculations appear on the Calculation Data Summary tab () in Data Summary, and are selectable from any data display. (See "How do I use my calculation?": 102)

Method 3: using Calculator (any sensor)

Use the Calculator to create a calculation that changes the sign. (See "How do I create a calculation? ": 99)

Example: ForceA=-[Force(N)]

② Calculations appear on the Calculation Data Summary tab (■) in Data Summary, and are selectable from any data display. (② See "How do I use my calculation?": 102)

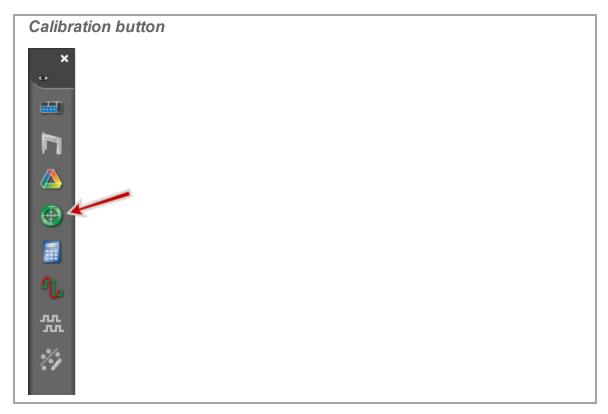
How do I calibrate a sensor?

PASCO Capstone includes calibration wizards for many sensors.

Procedure

- 1. Connect the sensor to PASCO Capstone. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)
- 2. Click **Calibration** on the Tools Palette.





- 3. Follow the instructions within Capstone.
 - Sensors that do not have a wizard in Capstone will not be listed.

For detailed procedures, see:

"How do I calibrate a motion sensor?": 95

"How do I calibrate a pH sensor?": 97

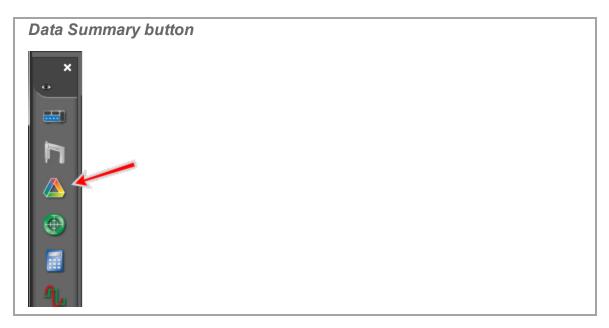
"How do I calibrate a drop counter?": 96

"Can multiple measurements be calibrated simultaneously?": 175

How do I calibrate a motion sensor?

- 2. Place a marker at one meter from the face of the motion sensor.
- 3. Record the distance to the marker reported by the motion sensor.
- 4. Click **Data Summary** 4 in the Tools Palette.



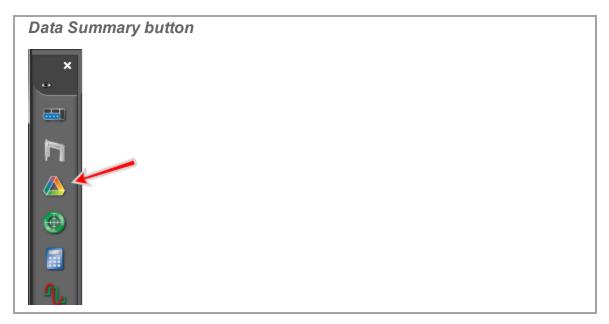


- 5. Click the **Sensor Data Summary** tab .
- 6. Click on the **Motion Sensor** properties icon ...
- 7. Divide the value in the **Speed of Sound (m/s)** field by the recorded distance in meters (from step 3).
- 8. Enter the calculated value (from step 7) in the **Speed of Sound (m/s)** field.
- 9. Click OK.

How do I calibrate a drop counter?

- 1. Connect the Drop Counter to PASCO Capstone. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)
- 2. Measure the volume from the Drop Counter for 10 drops.
- 3. Calculate the volume per drop (divide volume from step 2 by 10).
- 4. Click **Data Summary** \triangle in the Tools Palette.





- 5. Click the **Sensor Data Summary** tab .
- 6. Click on the **Drop Counter** properties icon **3**.
- 7. Enter the calculated value (from step 3) in the **Drop Volume (mL)** field.
- 8. Click OK.

How do I calibrate a pH sensor?

Note: Simultaneous calibration is not recommended for pH, ISE, ORP, Conductivity, stainless-steel temperature sensors without insulating sleeves, or Disolved Oxygen sensors because these sensors will not read correctly if the probes are placed in the same solution simultaneously.

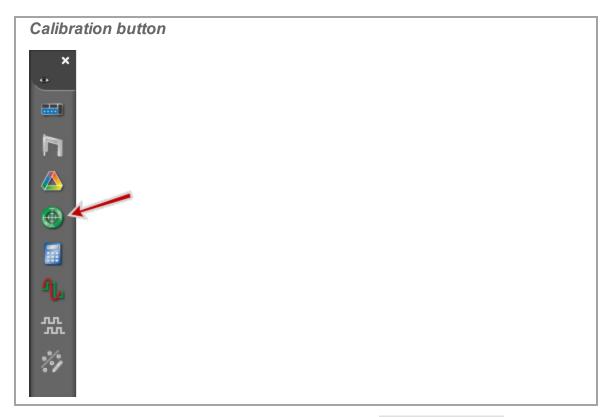
Equipment Required

Two aqueous pH buffer standards that bracket the pH values of interest.

Procedure

- 1. Connect the pH Sensor to PASCO Capstone. (See "Connecting a sensor": 27)
- 2. Click **Calibration** on the Tools Palette.





- 3. Choose the probes you would like to calibrate now: **pHMeasurement**
- 4. Click Next.
- 5. Choose the type of calibration you would like to perform: **Two Standards (2 point)**.
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. Enter the first known pH buffer value in the **Standard Value** text box.
- 8. Rinse and dry the pH Sensor probe.
- 9. Place the probe in the corresponding buffer solution.
- 10. Stir the probe until the **Current Value** stabilizes.
- 11. Click the **Set Current Value to Standard Value** button.
- 12. Click Next.
- 13. Enter the second known pH buffer value in the **Standard Value** text box.
- 14. Rinse and dry off the probe.
- 15. Place the probe in the second buffer solution.
- 16. Stir the probe until the value **Current Value** stabilizes.
- 17. Click the **Set Current Value to Standard Value** button.
- 18. Click Next.
- 19. Click Finish.

Repeat the calibration procedure for other pH sensors using different probes.



How do I... Calculations

"How do I create a calculation? ": 99

"How do I use my calculation?": 102

"How do I select a measurement in the calculator?": 103

"How do I see the result of a calculation?": 103

"How do I reorder calculations?": 105

How do I create a calculation?

Note: Calculations appear on the **Calculation Data Summary** tab () in **Data Summary**, and are selectable from any data display. (See "How do I use my calculation?": 102)

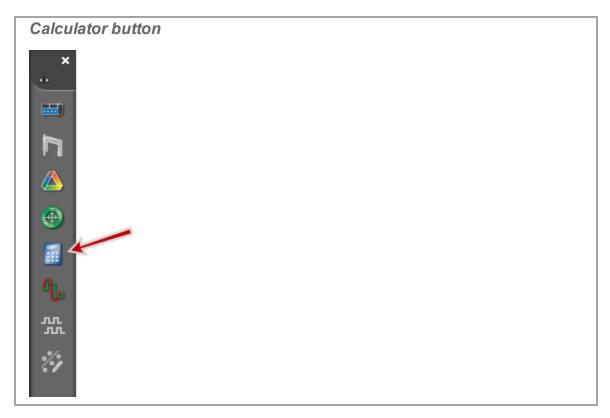
Tips

- Capstone supports simple to highly-complex calculations using a combination of math functions, measurements, user-defined data, constants, and text labels including symbols.
- Use either the keyboard or the Calculator keypad for numbers and simple operators.
- Add parenthesis to explicitly define order of operation.
- Multiplication is implied with adjacent arguments. Insert the * symbol to explicitly denote multiplication.
- Type: [to quickly insert measurements (or click Insert Data ⁽²⁾).

Procedure

1. Click **Calculator** in the Tools Palette.





- The Calculator dialog opens.
- 2. Use a combination of <u>measurements</u>, text, calculator functions, and numerals to create a calculation.
 - The calculation is displayed Calculations list.
 - Invalid or incomplete calculations are indicated with red font.

Example Procedure:
$$x = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + vt + x_0$$

Define the following equation:

$$x = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + vt + x_0$$

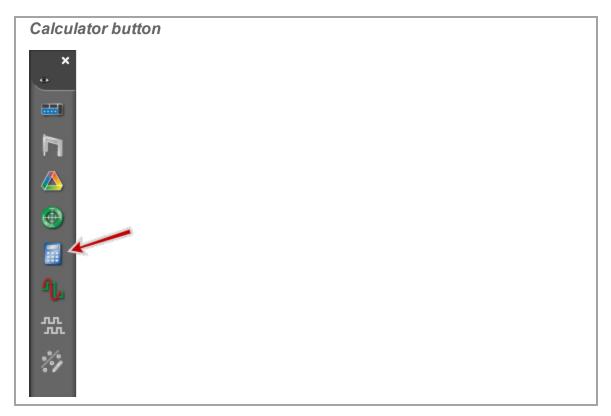
Where:

x = Position (calculated)

a = Acceleration (measured)



- v = Velocity (measured)
- t = Time (measured)
- x_0 = initial position (user-created constant)
- 1. Click **Calculator** in the Tools Palette.



- The Calculator dialog opens.
- 2. Click in a new line of Calculations.
- 3. Create the constant x_0 :
 - a. Type: x
 - b. Click x_o, select 0
 - c. Type: =
 - d. Type: 0
- 4. Click in a new line of Calculations
- 5. Type: x=1/2 (
- 6. Type: [(or click **Insert Data** \triangle).
 - A pop-up list opens.
- 7. Select the appropriate Acceleration measurement from the drop down list.
- 8. Type: [(or click Insert Data 4.).



- 9. Select the Time measurement from the drop down list.
- 10. Click x2.
- 11. Type: + (or click +)
- 12. Type: [(or click Insert Data \triangle).
- 13. Select the appropriate Velocity measurement from the drop down list.
- 14. Type [(or click Insert Data 4.).
- 15. Select the **Time** measurement from the drop down list.
- 16. Type: + (or click +)
- 17. Type: [(or click Insert Data 4.).
- 18. Select the **Constants** (under **Equations/Constants**) measurement from the drop down list.
- 19. Select x₀.
- 20. Click in the **Units** field.
- 21. Type: m and select m/s² from the list.
- 22. Press Enter or Accept ✓.

Example Calculations

```
Constant1=2*3

Calc1=[Acceleration(m/s²)]^2

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

Resultant \[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

Resultant \[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{1}} \]

\[ \textstyle
```

How do I use my calculation?

Note: Calculations appear on the Calculation Data Summary tab () in Data Summary, and are selectable from any data display. (See "How do I use my calculation?": 102)

- 1. Create a calculation. (See "How do I create a calculation? ": 99)
- 2. Click <Select Measurement> in any display.

103



- 3. Select the calculation or constant to use under **Equations/Constants**.
- 4. Select the run to display. (See "How do I choose one or more runs to display?": 79)

How do I select a measurement in the calculator?

Method 1

- 1. Position cursor for placement of measurement.
- 2. Click Insert Data .
 - A pop-up list opens.
- 3. Select the measurement from the list.

Method 2

- 1. Right-click anywhere within the calculation to place the measurement.
 - A pop-up menu opens.
- 2. Select Insert Data from the menu.
- 3. Select the measurement from the list.

Method 3

- 1. Position cursor for placement of measurement.
- 2. Enter a left-bracket "I".
 - A pop-up list opens.
- 3. Select from the measurement from the list.

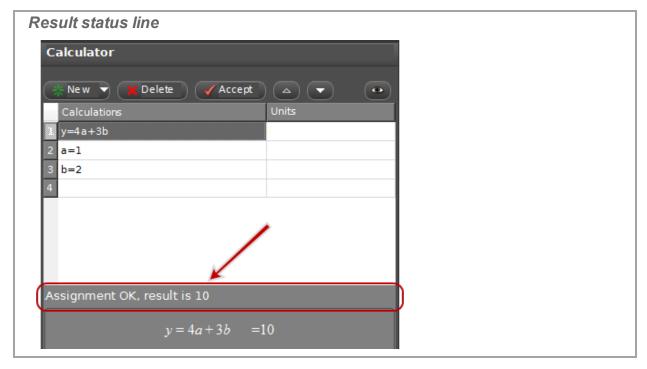
How do I see the result of a calculation?

Note: Calculations appear on the **Calculation Data Summary** tab () in **Data Summary**, and are selectable from any data display. (See "How do I use my calculation?": 102)

Constants Only

If the calculation uses constants (no measurements) such that the calculation evaluates to a single number, then the result of the calculation is displayed in the result status line.





Constants can also be viewed in a table or other display, see below.

Includes Variables (measurements)

The results are calculated using MathML and are associated with data runs. Calculated data can be viewed in a table or other display.

- 1. Create a calculation. (See "How do I create a calculation? ": 99)
- 2. Click **<Select Measurement>** in any display.
- 3. Select the calculation or constant to use under **Equations/Constants**.
- 4. Select the run to display. (∠See "How do I choose one or more runs to display?": 79)

Example Calculations

```
Calc1=[Acceleration(m/s²)]^2

F^2=sin([Angle(rad)])

Φ=integral([Force(N)],[Time(s)])
```



Resultant Acceleration=sqrt(([Acceleration- $x(m/s^2)$]^2+[Acceleration- $y(m/s^2)$]^2+[Acceleration- $z(m/s^2)$]^2))

How do I reorder calculations?

Method 1

- 1. Click and drag the calculation that you would like to move.
- 2. When the colored insert line is at the desired insertion point, release the mouse button.

Method 2

- 1. Click the calculation that you would like to move to select it.
- 2. Use the arrow keys **u** in the **Calculator** window.



How do I... Plots

"How do I plot multiple measurements on separate plot areas with shared X-axis?": 107

"How do I zoom to a selection?": 108

"How do I pan and scale?": 110

"How do I select active data?": 111

"How do I plot multiple measurements on same plot with multiple Y-axes?": 113

"How do I plot multiple measurements on same plot with same Y-axes?": 114

"How do I apply a curve fit to a portion of the data?": 117

"How do I change curve fit parameters?": 118

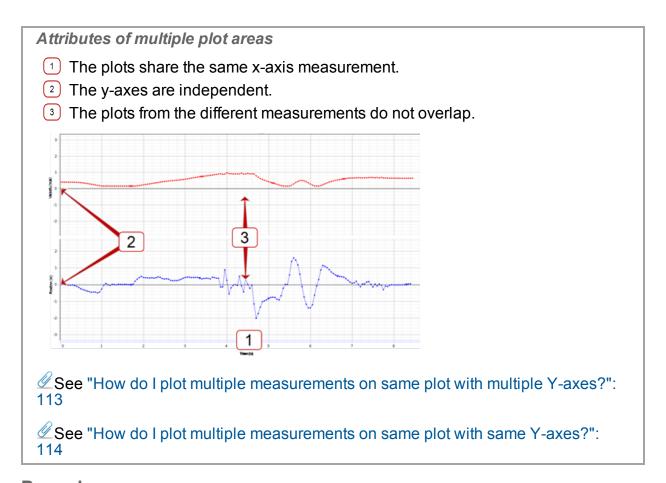
"How do I adjust the weights for the weighted linear fit?": 119

"How do I lock and unlock the axes of a graph?": 121

"How do I change layer order of a display?": 123

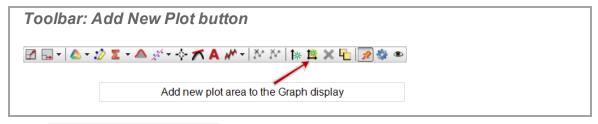


How do I plot multiple measurements on separate plot areas with shared X-axis?



Procedure

1. Click Add new plot area to the Graph display 🎏 in the toolbar.



2. Click **<Select Measurement>** on the plot and choose the measurement for the vertical axis.



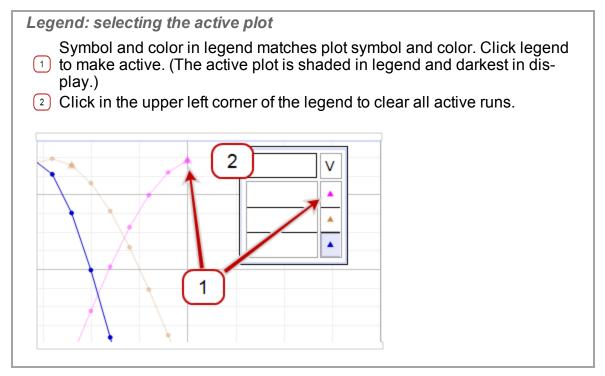
3. To delete a plot area and its corresponding plots, click on the plot area and click **Remove active element**, axis, or plot area ×.

Note: You will not be allowed to have fewer than one plot area. Use **Delete**Selected **Display** in main toolbar to remove the display. (Scope display does not allow multiple plots.)

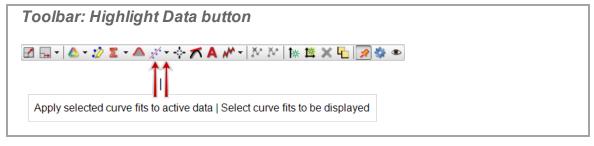
How do I zoom to a selection?

Zoom in

1. If multiple runs are visible, click on the symbol corresponding to the plot to zoom in the legend.



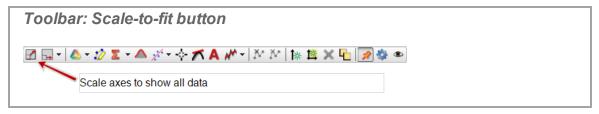
2. Click **Data Highlighter** \checkmark in the toolbar.



A rectangle appears on the graph that is the same color as the target plot.



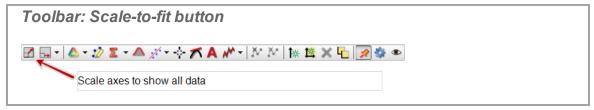
- 3. Click and drag anywhere within the highlighter to move it.
- 4. Click and drag the handles to resize the highlighter rectangle to the area to zoom.
 - Selected data is highlighted in yellow.
- 5. Click Scale to Fit in the toolbar.



- The plot zooms to the selected section.
- 6. Optional: Remove the highlight rectangle:
 - a. Click the highlight rectangle
 - b. Press **Delete** to remove the rectangle

Zoom out

- 1. Remove the highlight rectangle:
 - a. Click the highlight rectangle
 - b. Press **Delete** to remove the rectangle
- 2. Click Scale to Fit in the toolbar.

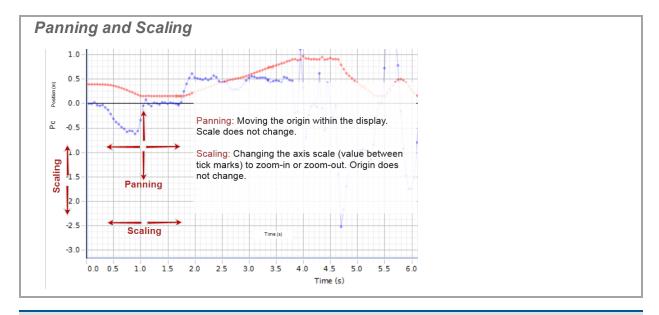


The plot zooms out to include all data.

110



How do I pan and scale?



Note: If the plot does not pan or scale: see "How do I lock and unlock the axes of a graph?": 121.

Panning Moving the origin within the display. Scale does not change.

- 1. Click within the plot area (except for the legend) and drag the plot in any direction.
- 2. Release the mouse button when the origin is in the desired location.

Scaling Changing the axis scale (value between tick marks) to zoom-in or zoom-out. Origin does not change.

Click and Drag Method

- 1. Click on an axis to scale.
- 2. Drag away from origin to decrease scale (zoom-in).
- 3. Drag toward the origin to increase scale (zoom-out).

Scroll Wheel Method

- 1. Move the cursor to a location on an axis to scale.
- 2. Scroll back to decrease scale (zoom-in).
- 3. Scroll forward to increase scale (zoom-out).



Scaling is performed on the axis at the point of the cursor.

[●] Tip¹

Zooming around a point *Changing the scale and origin around a single point.*

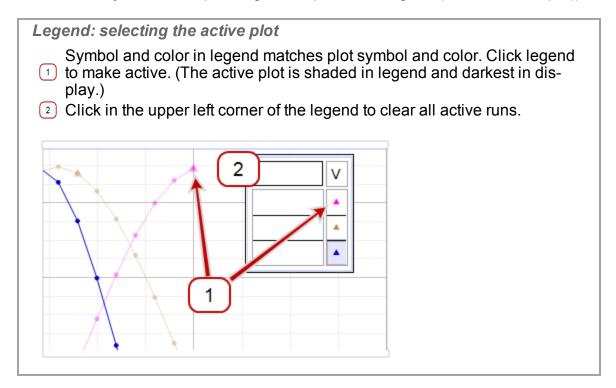
- 1. Move the cursor to a location on a point to remain stationary (except for the legend).
- 2. Scroll back to decrease scale (zoom-in).
- 3. Scroll forward to increase scale (zoom-out).

How do I select active data?

By default, the last selected measurement of the last run is the active run.

To make another plot active:

• Click on the symbol corresponding to that plot in the legend (1 in the example)).



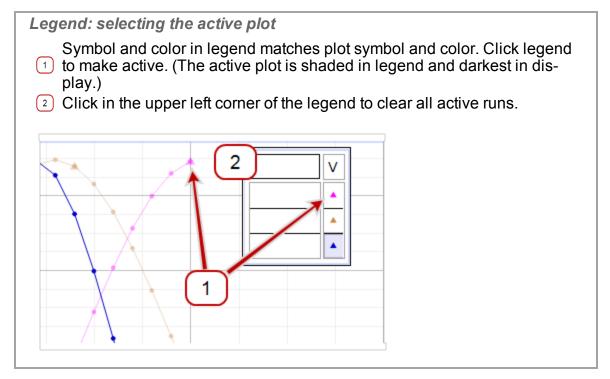
To clear all active runs:

15744040.

¹♦ Place the cursor at the origin to maintain the origin point or use click and drag method. ♦ Place the cursor at the intersection of two axis to scale simultaneously.



• Click in the upper left corner of the legend (2 in the example).

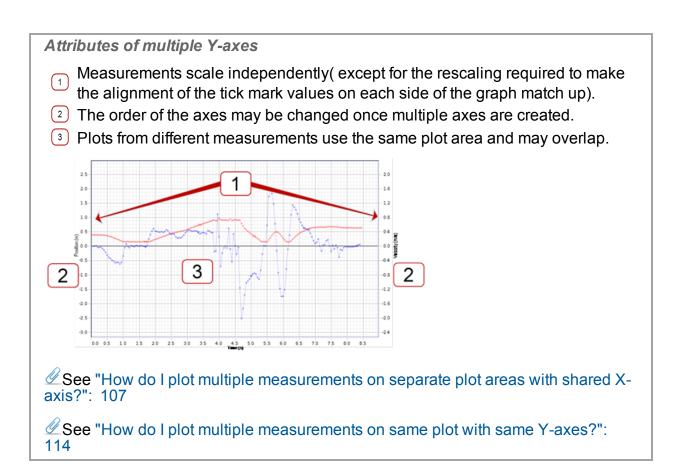


Toolbars (including data functions):

- Toolbars are active when a single display is active, and will only apply to the active display.
- Tor displays with multiple plots, the toolbar actions apply to the active plot within the display.



How do I plot multiple measurements on same plot with multiple Y-axes?



Procedure

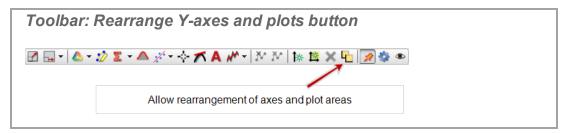
- 1. Create a graph display. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 2. Click Add new y-axis to active plot area 1*. (Click multiple times to add multiple axes.)



- 3. Click **<Select Measurement>** and choose the measurements for each vertical axis.
- 4. Optional: reorder axes:



a. Click Allow rearrangement of axes and plot areas $\frac{1}{4}$ in the toolbar.

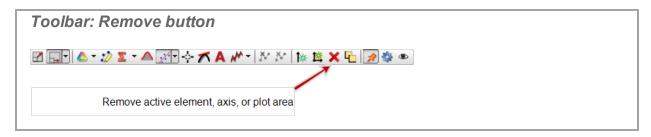


- b. Drag and drop axes one at a time.
 - Axes can reside on the left, right, or a combination of both sides of the display.
- c. Click Allow rearrangement of axes and plot areas 4.
 - Exits re-arrangement mode.

Remove an axis

Click on axis to remove. (Must not be in re-arrangement mode.)

Click Remove active element, axis, or plot area X.



Note: You will not be allowed to have fewer than one plot area. Use **Delete Selected Display** in main toolbar to remove the display. (Scope display does not allow multiple plots.)

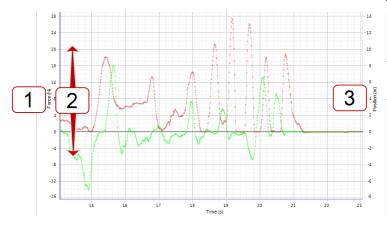
How do I plot multiple measurements on same plot with same Y-axes?

PASCO Capstone allows one measurement on the x (independent variable) axis and multiple measurements on the y (independent variable) axis. Y-axis labels can be placed on either side. If the measurements share the same measurement type, then the measurements can be plotted with a shared Y-axis.



Attributes of multiple measurements with a shared Y-axis

- Measurements must share the same measurement type. The shared generic Measurement Type name is displayed on the Y-axis.
- 2 Measurements scale together.
- 3 Plots from different measurements use the same plot area and may overlap.

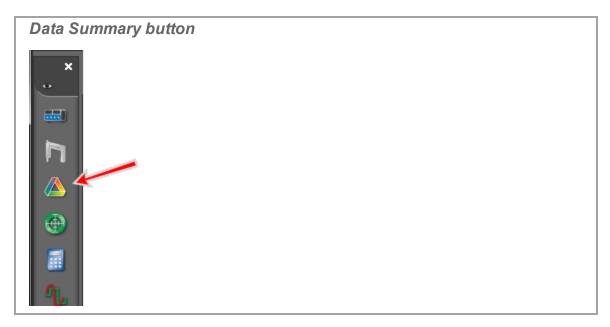


See "How do I plot multiple measurements on separate plot areas with shared X-axis?": 107

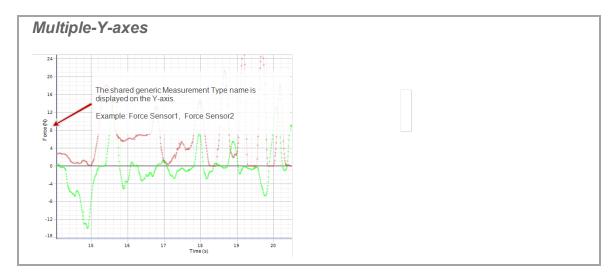
Procedure

- 1. Create a graph display. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 2. Click **Select Measurement>** and select one of the measurements to display on the vertical Y-axis.
- 3. Click **Data Summary** \triangle in the Tools Palette.





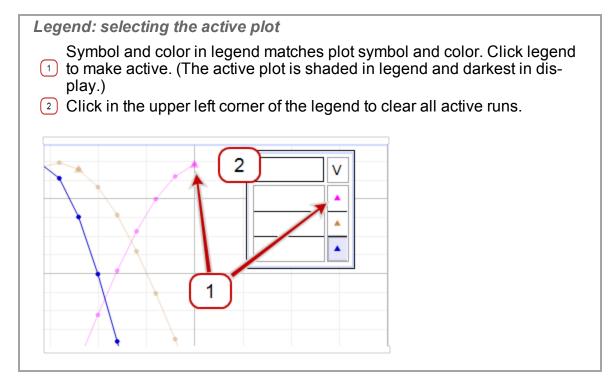
- 4. Click the **Sensor Data** tab .
- 5. Click and drag another measurement of the *same measurement type* to the graph display.
- 6. Repeat for additional sensors of same type.
 - The shared generic Measurement Type name is displayed on the Y-axis.



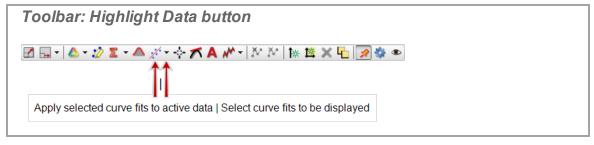


How do I apply a curve fit to a portion of the data?

1. Select the plot to fit by clicking on its corresponding symbol in the legend.



2. Click **Data Highlighter 2** in the toolbar.



- ♠ A rectangle appears on the graph that is the same color as the target plot.
- 3. Click and drag anywhere within the highlighter to move it.
- 4. Click and drag the handles to resize the highlighter rectangle.
 - Selected data is highlighted in yellow.
- 5. Click the down arrow (▼) on **Curve Fit** * .▼ ✓
- 6. Select the curve fit that you wish to apply to the selected data from the pull-down menu.



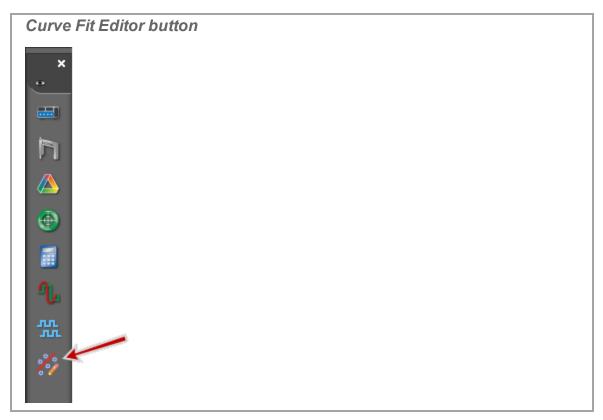
Note: Move the highlighter rectangle to see fits for different regions. (Capstone will not simultaneously perform curve fits on two or more different regions of the same data set.)

How do I change curve fit parameters?

PASCO Capstone supports modifying curve fit parameters for high-precession fits. (Initial curve fits are usually automatic and accurate.)

Procedure

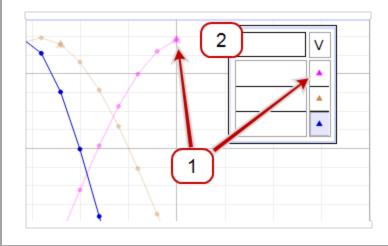
1. If not visible, show the **Curve Fit Editor** in the Toolbar. (See "How do I show, hide, and lock the palettes?": 89)



2. Select the plot to fit by clicking on its corresponding symbol in the legend.

Legend: selecting the active plot

- Symbol and color in legend matches plot symbol and color. Click legend to make active. (The active plot is shaded in legend and darkest in display.)
- 2 Click in the upper left corner of the legend to clear all active runs.



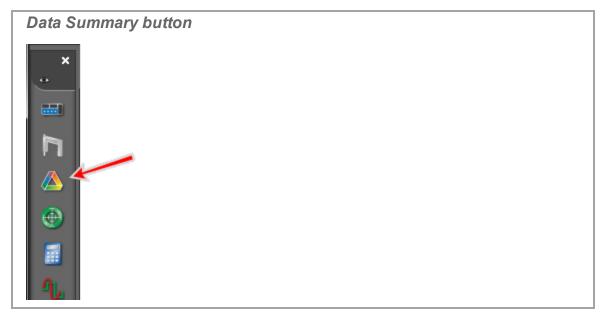
- 3. Click **Curve Fit Editor** \checkmark in the Toolbar.
- 4. Enter the value to modify in the **Initial Guess** box of the corresponding parameter.
- 5. Click the **Lock** check box (**☑**) next to parameter.
 - Ducks the manual entry. Capstone will not overwrite.
- 6. Repeat for each parameter to modify.
- 7. Click the **Update Fit** button.
 - The curve fit in the graph uses the manually entered values.
 - Repeat steps to iteratively improve the curve fit.
 - To reset to default settings and unlock parameter values, click Reset.
- 8. Click **Curve Fit Editor** \checkmark in the Toolbar to close the editor.

How do I adjust the weights for the weighted linear fit?

The weights for the weighted linear fit come from the errors in the data set. To define the error associated with each data value:



1. Click **Data Summary** \triangle in the Tools Palette.



- 2. Click the **Sensor Data** tab ...
- 3. Click the measurement to change.
- 4. Click **Properties** * that appears to the right of the measurement.
 - The **Properties** window opens.
- 5. Click the **Errors** section.
- 6. Define the error type and values.

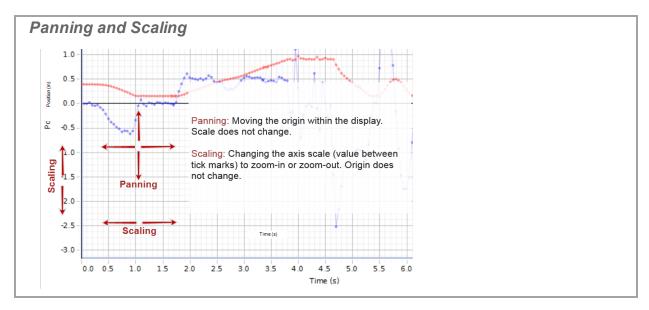
Error Type	Description
Default Absolute Error	Specifies the default absolute error value for this measurement and is used when Default Errors are in effect.
Default Minimum Display Value	Sets the default minimum scale value for this measurement when it is initially selected in some data displays.
Default Maximum Display Value	Sets the default maximum scale value for this measurement when it is initially selected in some data displays.
Error Bar Type	Select the type of error bar to display. Choose Default Error to set the length of the error bars equal to the default absolute error of the data. Choose Percent of Value to set the length of the error bars equal to the specified percentage of each data point value. Choose Fixed Range to set the length of the error bars to equal specific val-



Error Type	Description
	ues. Choose Measurement to use a User Entered Data Set or other Measurement to define error values for individual data points.
Reset	Resets the error settings for this measurement to defaults.

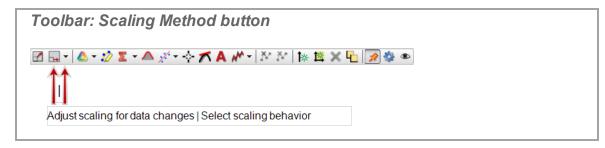
How do I lock and unlock the axes of a graph?

PASCO Capstone has several options for locking the axes of a graph from Panning and Scaling.



Lock panning or scaling from both user and data changes

1. Deselect **Scaling Method** . in the Display Toolbar.



- Ocapstone will not scale to the data.
- 2. Right click on an axis and select one or both:
 - Lock Axis Panning
 - Lock Axis Scale



- Users cannot manually pan or scale.
- 3. Optional: repeat for additional axes.
- 4. Click **Show or hide tools** in the Display Toolbar.



- 5. Deselect **Scale to Fit** In the list.
 - Users cannot scale to fit.
- 6. Click anywhere in Capstone to close **Show or hide tools**.

Lock scaling from data changes only

Deselect **Scaling Method** ... in the Display Toolbar.



Capstone will not scale to the data.

Lock panning or scaling from user changes only

- 1. Right click on an axis and select one or both:
 - Lock Axis Panning
 - Lock Axis Scale
 - Users cannot manually pan or scale.
- 2. Optional: repeat for additional axes.
- 3. Click **Show or hide tools** in the Display Toolbar.





- 4. Deselect **Scale to Fit** In the list.
 - Users cannot scale to fit.
- 5. Click anywhere in Capstone to close **Show or hide tools**.

How do I change layer order of a display?

- 1. Click on the display to make it active. (See "How do I select active data?": 111)
- 2. Right-click on the border of the display.
- 3. Select: Send To Back or Bring To Front.
 - Send To Back = places display at the bottom of the stack.
 - Dring To Front = places display at the top of the stack.



How do I... Tables

"How do I reorder columns in a table?": 124

"How do I use a table to build data in Keep Mode?": 124

How do I reorder columns in a table?

- 1. Click on an empty part of the column header.
- 2. Drag until the blue column marker indicates the desired location for the column.
- 3. Release the mouse button.

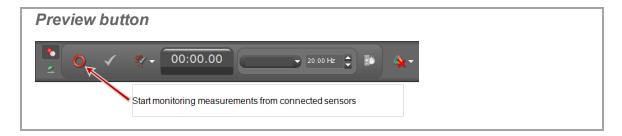
How do I use a table to build data in Keep Mode?

Procedure

- 1. Create a table for the measurement to capture. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 2. Optional: Create User-Entered Data into one column of the table.
- 3. Click in the first cell to record data.
- 4. Select **₹ Keep Mode** in the Controls Palette.
- 5. Adjust the sample rates of each of the measurements so that the sensors are sufficiently responsive for desired data.



6. Click **Preview** oin the Controls Palette.





- Capstone begins monitoring data and displays previews.
- Preview toggles to Stop ...
- ★ Keep Sample
 ★ button is active.
- 7. Click **Keep Sample** ✓ to record the data currently monitored.
 - One instance of all data is recorded.
 - The cursor advances to the next table cell.



- 8. Repeatedly click **Keep Sample** ✓ to record data.
 - One instance of all data is recorded each time Keep Sample

 ✓ is clicked.
 - The cursor advances to the next table cell on each Keep Sample.
- 9. Optional: Replace values in a table. (See "Replacing a current value in a table": 125.)

Note: You can replace data in tables while in preview mode for the run (before clicking Stop).

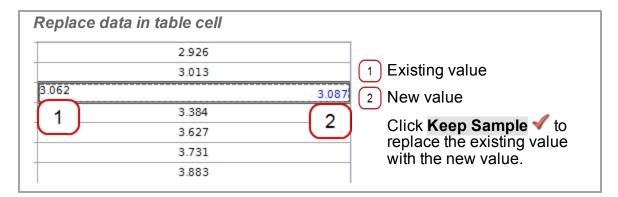
See "How do I edit a measurement?": 87 to edit data after you click Stop ...

- 10. Click **Stop** in the Controls Palette to stop observing the data.
 - Collected data appear in all displays of the current page.
 - The data run is listed in the legend for each display.
 - Recorded data appear on the **Sensor Data Summary** tab (*) in **Data Summary**, and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Run #%1**, where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.

Replacing a current value in a table

- 1. While previewing data, click in the cell to change.
 - The current monitored value is displayed with the existing value.





- 2. Click **Keep Sample** ✓ to replace the existing value with the new value.
 - The cursor advances to the next table cell.
- 3. Perform one of the following options:
 - Continue to replace values.
 - Click in empty cell to record additional data.
 - Click Stop in the Controls Palette to stop observing the data.

Note: You can replace data in tables while in preview mode for the run (before clicking Stop).

See "How do I edit a measurement?": 87 to edit data after you click Stop .



How do I... Text Boxes

"How do I enter subscripts, superscripts, Greek letters, and symbols?": 127

How do I enter subscripts, superscripts, Greek letters, and symbols?

New: enter subscripts, superscripts or symbols

- 1. Right-click in any area that accepts text such as: text box, text entry, name, or calculator fields.
- 2. Select one of the following:
 - Insert Superscript
 - Insert Subscript
 - Insert Upper Case Greek Letter
 - Insert Lower Case Greek Letter
 - Insert Special Character
- 3. Select the character to insert from the drop-down list.

Existing: subscript or superscript selected text (text and text entry boxes only)

- 1. Highlight existing text.
- 2. Right-click and select one of the following:
 - Superscript Selected Text
 - Subscript Selected Text

How do I enter an equation into a text display?

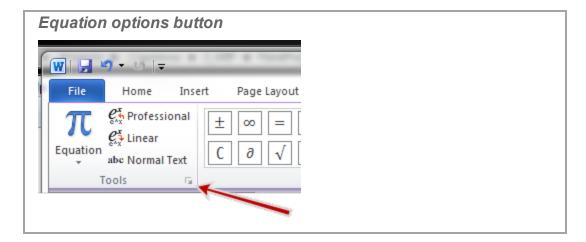
- Create the equation using an application capable of exporting <u>MathML</u> as plain text.
- 2. Paste into a Text Box or Text Entry Box in PASCO Capstone. (See "Adding a display ": 56)

[&]quot;How do I enter an equation into a text display?": 127



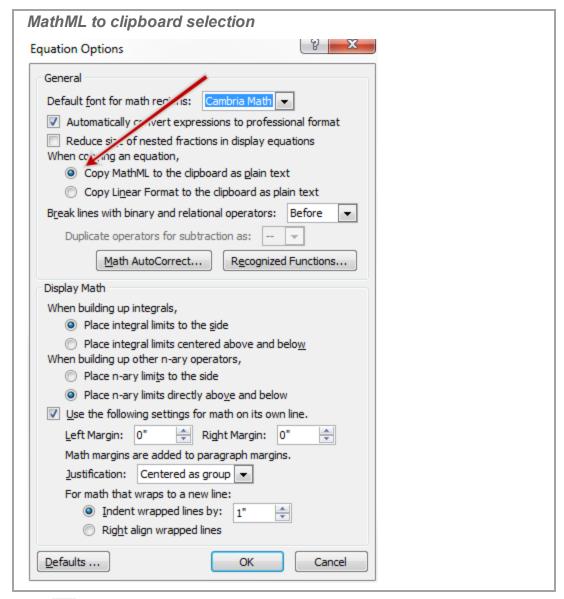
Using Microsoft Word* (2007/2010)

- 1. Switch to MathML mode (if needed):
 - a. Click Insert > Equation > Insert new equation.
 - b. Select the arrow at the lower right of the tools part of the ribbon.





c. Select Copy MathML to the clipboard as plain text



d. Click OK.

- 2. Type the equation in the programs equation editor.
- 3. Highlight the equation.
- 4. Press CTRL+C to copy.
- 5. Switch to a Text Box or Text Entry Box in PASCO Capstone.
- 6. Place the cursor and press **CTRL+V** to paste.



How do I... Scope

"How do I compare scope traces from the same sensor when monitoring?": 130

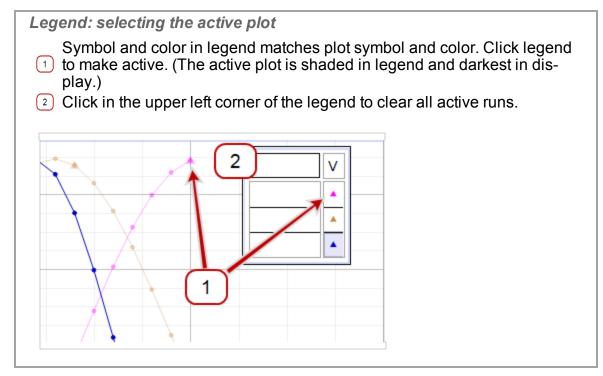
"How do I select the scope trigger?": 131

"How do I pre-trigger?": 134

"How do I freeze and record the scope display?": 135

How do I compare scope traces from the same sensor when monitoring?

1. Select one of the traces that you would like to compare with later traces by clicking on the symbol corresponding to that plot in the legend.

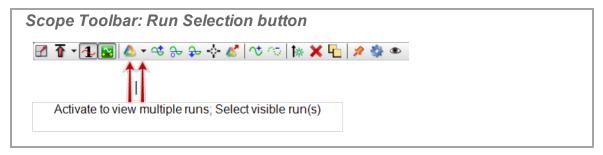


2. Click **Snapshot** sin the toolbar to capture the visible trace.





- 3. Click Run Selection .
 - Multiple runs can display simultaneous when the button is depressed.
- 4. Click the pull-down arrow (▼) next to **Run Selection** △▼ ✓ in the toolbar.



5. Select the measurement trace snapshots that you would like to display.

How do I select the scope trigger?

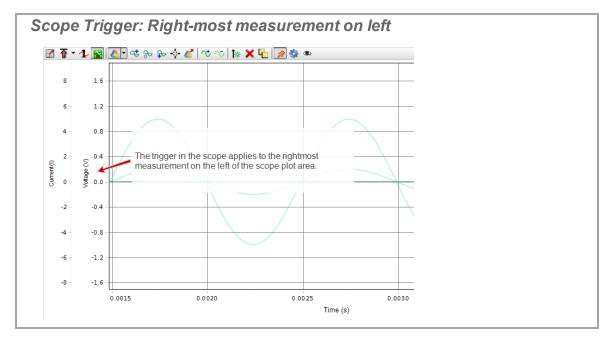
Note: If the trigger button in the scope toolbar is depressed, the display of data starts when the trigger condition is satisfied. If the trigger button is not depressed, the display of data starts immediately.

The trigger in the scope applies to the rightmost measurement on the left of the scope plot area.

I. Select Measurement for Trigger:



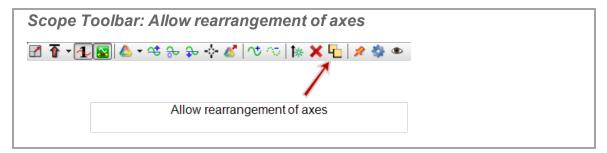
1. Click on the measurement name on the immediate left of the scope.



2. Select the measurement for the trigger from the drop-down list.

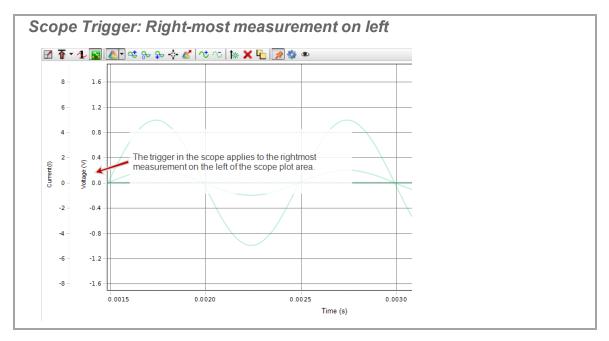
-Or-

1. Click Allow rearrangement of axes 4 in the toolbar.



2. Click and drag the measurement to use as the trigger to the immediate left of the scope.





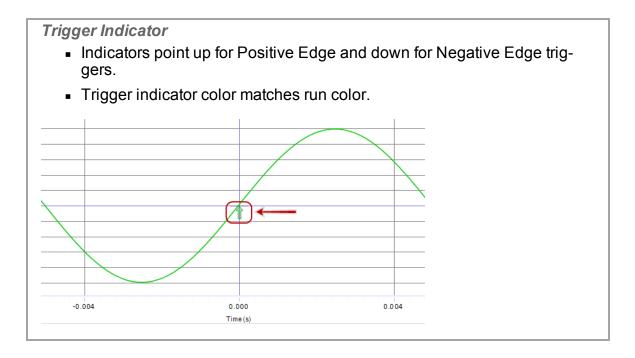
II. Turn on Trigger:

1. Click **Trigger** in the toolbar.



- 3. Select:
 - Positive Edge
 - Negative Edge
 - A trigger indicator is displayed on the plot.





How do I pre-trigger?

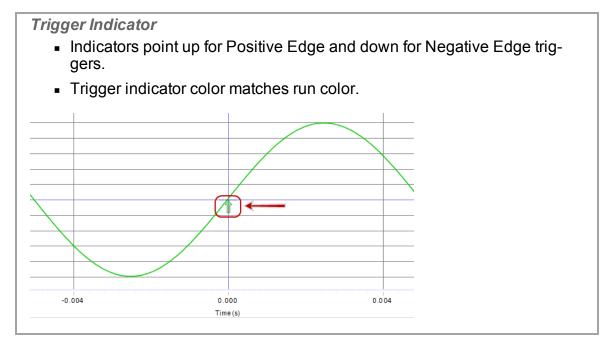
Note: An 850 Universal Interface is required to use the pre-trigger functionality.

1. Click **Trigger 1** in the toolbar.



- 2. Click the pull down menu of the trigger T.
- 3. Select:
 - Positive Edge
 - Negative Edge
 - A trigger indicator is displayed on the plot.



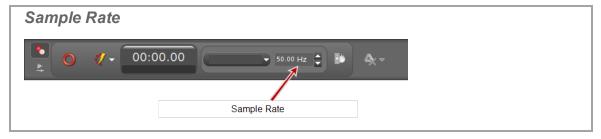


4. Pan the scope display to the right, so that the left edge of the viewing area is at the time before the trigger. (See "How do I pan and scale?": 110)

How do I freeze and record the scope display?

(See "How do I record data in PASCO Capstone? ": 73 for information on Fast Monitor Mode.)

- 1. Select **Fast Monitor Mode** in the Controls Palette.
- 2. Adjust the sample rates of each of the measurements so that the sensors are sufficiently responsive for desired data.



3. Select one or more scope or FFT displays. (See "Adding a display ": 56)

Note: To record a *single event*, use the scope display and click the single-shot button **1**. (See "What does the Single Shot button do?": 178)

4. Click **Monitor** O in the Controls Palette.





5. Click **Stop** in the Controls Palette to stop observing the data.



- Capstone freezes the display.
- 6. Scale the data to fit the data to record within the displays. (See "How do I pan and scale?": 110)
- 7. Click **Snapshot** \triangle in the scope toolbar.



Capstone records the data.

Notes:

Only the data that is visible in the plot area is recorded as a run when **Snapshot** is clicked.

Recorded data appear on the sensor tab in the Data Summary tab (*), and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Monitor Run-- ScopeSnapshot%1** where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.



How do I... Video

" How do I add a video source?": 137

"How do I analyze a video?": 138

"How do I manually synchronize video with data?": 140

"How do I adjust the frame rate of a recorded video?": 141

"How do I adjust the resolution of a video?": 141

"How do I make files with videos smaller?": 141

"How do I troubleshot video problems?": 142

How do I add a video source?

PASCO Capstone supports most driverless (UVC 1.1) USB video sources, which includes almost all newer web cameras, USB microscopes, and telescopes, and many older USB video sources that require drivers.

Procedure

- 1. Connect a driverless (UVC 1.1) USB video source, such as a web camera, microscope, or telescope.
- 2. Drag and drop a **Movie Display** from the **Displays Palette** to a workbook page. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 3. Select one of the four choices presented in the display:

Option	Definition
Open Movie File	Use for Prerecorded QuickTime compatible videos.
Capture Image*	Use to capture a still image. (Do not use for video analysis.)
Record Explanatory Movie*	Use for videos that will not be synchronized to data. (The video records without data recording.)
Record Movie with Synced Data*	Use for a movie that you wish to keep synchronized to sensor data that will be recorded simultaneously. (The video records with data recording.)
*A live video is	displayed in Movie Display.

Note: While recording, sound output from the camera is muted by default in order to prevent feedback loops between the microphone and computer speakers. You may



unmute the recorder in the Movie Display properties. There are separate volume/muting controls available for playback and recording.

How do I analyze a video?

You can manually track the path of objects in any recorded or compatible pre-recorded movie.

Tips for good results

- PASCO Capstone analyzes in two dimensions. Position the camera plane parallel to the plane of motion. (That is, point the camera perpendicular to the plane of motion.)
- Place the camera approximately at the center of the path of the object of interest.
- Use intense lighting (such as sunlight) to avoid motion blurring that might obscure the image.

Procedure

- 1. Add a camera. (See "How do I add a video source?": 137)
- 2. Add a Movie Display (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 3. Select a type of Movie Display:

Option	Definition
Open Movie File	Use for Prerecorded QuickTime compatible videos.
Capture Image*	Use to capture a still image. (Do not use for video analysis.)
Record Explanatory Movie*	Use for videos that will not be synchronized to data. (The video records without data recording.)
Record Movie with Synced Data*	Use for a movie that you wish to keep synchronized to sensor data that will be recorded simultaneously. (The video records with data recording.)
*A live video is	displayed in Movie Display

[^]A live video is displayed in Movie Display.

If using Open Movie File, skip to step 5.

- 4. Prepare recording.
 - a. Place a physical ruler (or object of known length) in the movie scene to determine scale.
 - b. Ensure the plane of action is parallel to the plane of the lens of the camera.



5. Record movie.

Using Record Explanatory Movie:

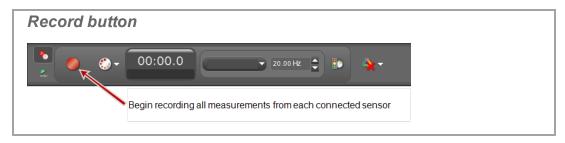
- a. Start Recoding: click **Record** in the Display toolbar.
 - The video records without data recording.



b. Stop Recoding: click **Record** in the Display toolbar.

Using Record Movie with Synced Data:

- a. Start Recording: click **Record** in the Controls Palette.
 - The video records with data recording.



- b. Stop Recording: click **Stop** in the Controls Palette.
- 6. Click **Enter video analysis mode** **- in the Display toolbar.



- 7. Select the data run to use.
- 8. Optional: Change the units or length of the scale.
 - a. While in **Video Analysis** mode, click toolbar properties 🦃.
 - b. Click Enter video analysis mode.

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- c. Modify as needed: **Real World Length** (Sets Real World Length In Specified Units).
- d. Modify as needed: **Data Units** (Sets Length Units).
- 9. Adjust the scale tool to match the scale of the ruler (or object of known length) in the scene.
- 10. Click on the object that you would like to track.
 - Capstone places a + at the point of click and the video will advance to the next frame.
- 11. Repeat until the object has been completely tracked.
 - The video analysis data appear on the **Video Data Summary** tab (**b**) in the **Data Summary**, and are selectable from any data display.
- 12. Open a Display (such as a Table, Graph, or Histogram). (See "Adding a display ": 56)
- 13. Click **<Select Measurement>** in the display and select a video analysis measurement:
 - x-Position
 - v-Position
 - x-Velocity
 - y-Velocity
 - x-Acceleration
 - y-Acceleration

How do I manually synchronize video with data?

- 1. Add a Video Display. (See "How do I add a video source?": 137)
- 2. Open and existing video recording or record new video.
- 3. Add a table or graphic display with the data to use. (See "Adding a display ": 56)
 - The page contains two displays: video of experiment and numerical data.
- 4. Click **Playback Mode** in the Controls Palette.
- 5. Click the **Play** in the Controls Palette.
- 6. Playback the recorded data until an identifiable event occurs. (For example, the point of collision.)
- 7. Click Manually synchronize movie with data in the Video toolbar.



- 8. Click View/adjust current movie playback position
 in the Video toolbar.
 - A slider appears under .
- 9. Adjust the video slider until the video frame corresponds to the time of the identifiable event from step 6.
- 10. Click **Manually synchronize movie with data** in the Video toolbar.

How do I adjust the frame rate of a recorded video?

Frequently high-speed or low-speed video files contain false frame rate metadata. Camera manufactures deliberately do this so that the video plays back at a easily-viewable frame rate. For PASCO Capstone to synchronize the video correctly, the video rate in the file must be accurate.

Procedure

Change frame rate metadata of the video file, using a free video editor:

- Download and install Avidemux.
- 2. Right click on your video file and select Open with... .
- 3. Select Avidemux.
- 4. In Avidemux, select Video.
- 5. Select Frame Rate.
- 6. Check **Use Custom Frame Rate** and set the desired frame rate.
- 7. Save the file.
- 8. For adjusting the phase between the video and the data, see Tech Note #493.

How do I adjust the resolution of a video?

The settings for all movies are 320×240×30 fps in order to keep file sizes low. A USB 2.0 camera is unlikely to drop frames at this rate. Higher resolutions or frame rates increases the probability of dropped frames.

If the camera supports higher resolutions, you may increase the resolution. (See "How do I adjust the frame rate of a recorded video?": 141)

How do I make files with videos smaller?

PASCO Capstone saves files as uncompressed. Select a compression codec to reduce the file size of recorded videos. The available codecs vary by computer, and some codecs may result in a movie that is not playable within PASCO Capstone.



Procedure

- 1. Add a movie to the workbook. (See " How do I add a video source?": 137)
- 2. Click on properties in the video toolbar.
- 3. Click Movie Recording.
- 4. Click the Video Compression drop-down.
- 5. Select a video compression algorithm.

Note: The compression algorithms available depend on the operating system and the software installed by the video camera. Different compression algorithms affect different properties of the video file including frame rate and frame size.

- 6. Click OK.
- 7. Test: play the video in Capstone.
 - If the video no longer plays in Capstone, repeat steps and select a different algorithm.

How do I troubleshot video problems?

Dropped Frames and Automatic Synchronization

The video sensor attempts to synchronize the movie with the data. This might not work if too many operating system processes are running simultaneously. (Windows and MAC are not a real time operating systems, and modern installations might have up to hundreds of processes running. The operating system can decide to let other process to have priority, resulting in dropped frames or synchronization issues.)

To improve performance of the auto-synchronization algorithm:

- Increase the sensor sample rate within Capstone
- Terminate unused processes in the operating system
- Temporarily disable virus scanners in operating system
- Turn off the internet connection in operating system

Capture Sound Issues

Some cameras are not automatically able to assign a matching microphone. If you are missing sound:

- 1. Click on properties in the video toolbar.
- 2. Click the View/adjust current movie playback position drop-down.



Choose a microphone. Some computers may not automatically choose the correct microphone. In these cases, you may select a camera and a microphone, and then choose "Save Defaults" to associate the camera and microphone.

Click OK.

Test video recording and playback.If no audio, repeat steps to select a different Microphone source.

Windows Drivers

Open Device Manager: My Computer > Properties > Manage > Device Manager > Imaging Devices

If the camera does not appear in the **Device Manager**, try another USB port or disconnecting and reconnecting the camera to the same USB port.

If the camera appears in the **Device Manager**, click on it and press the delete button, unplug and replug the device into the USB port. Install the latest device driver provided by the manufacturer if requested.

- Devices that support the UVC (USB Video Class 1.1) standard do not need to have any special drivers installed to function in XP-SP3 or Windows Vista/7/8.
 Such devices appear automatically in **Device Manager** shortly after being connected.
- Older devices will need a driver installed.
- Older 16 Bit Devices (VFW devices) are not plug and play, and will appear to still
 exist after they have been physically disconnected. To uninstall such devices,
 right click on the device in Device Manager and select "uninstall driver"

Testing in Windows

Windows Vista/Windows 7 Testing

Windows Vista/7 does not include a built-in video viewer. A simple utility that allows you to test a webcam in Windows Vista/7 can be found here:

http://www.bustatech.com/webcamviewer-a-simple-viewer-for-webcam/.

You can also use "Skype" or any other video-chat capable program to test a webcam.

Windows XP Testing

Note: SP3 (Service Pack 3) is required.

- 1. Close PASCO Capstone
- 2. Open Windows Explorer.
- 3. Look under Scanners and Cameras.
- 4. Click on the camera in use.



- → A window opens displaying the camera output.
- 5. Take a snapshot to test the camera.

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4 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

PASCO Capstone

"What is PASCO Capstone?": 147

"Where can I find help documentation and curriculum for PASCO Capstone?": 147

"What are the new features in the latest PASCO Capstone?": 148

"Can PASCO Capstone open DataStudio, SPARKlab, and GLX files?": 151

"Can Capstone files be opened on computers with different operating systems?": 151

"How does Capstone compare to other PASCO applications? ": 152

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FAQ... PASCO Capstone

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What is PASCO Capstone?

PASCO Capstone is a feature-rich data acquisition, visualization, and analysis program designed by PASCO scientific for advanced science education. In addition, Capstone contains the tools needed for the creation and execution of structured scientific inquiries, by allowing simple drag-and-drop integration of rich text, graphics, video, and data displays on multiple page displays called workbooks.

Capstone is completely compatible with all PASCO USB Interfaces, including the 850 Universal Interface, Xplorer GLX, SPARKlink, SPARKlink Air, SPARK SLS, USB Link and older interfaces such as the ScienceWorkshop 750 or 500.



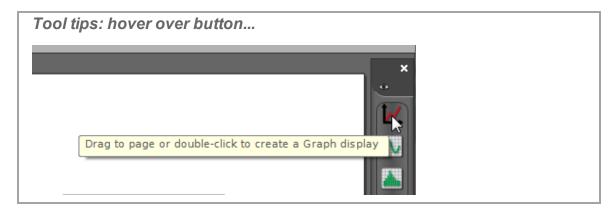
Where can I find help documentation and curriculum for PASCO Capstone?

Where can I find Capstone documentation?

PASCO Capstone is designed to be as intuitive as possible. In addition the following Help is available:



Tool Tips: hover over a button to view the associated tool tip.



- Context Help: helpful information at the bottom of dialog windows. (See "Tour Context Help": 14)
- Online Help: searchable instructions on working with PASCO Capstone, frequently asked questions, and links to instructional videos.

Click Help > PASCO Capstone Help (or F1)

What curriculum is available for Capstone?

A number of Capstone experiments designed for the 850 Universal Interface can be downloaded. (②See "Downloading Capstone experiments": 61)

In addition, PASCO Capstone can open and convert many DataStudio 1.9.x and GLX files. (See "How do I open DataStudio experiments and data?": 68)

What videos are available for Capstone?

A number of Capstone experiments are on the PASCO for the channel. (See http://www.youtube.com/user/pascoscientific)

What are the new features in the latest PASCO Capstone?

The following features are new to version 1.1:

- Localization (Input Method Editor support)
- Support for MacOS 10.6 +
- Histogram Display



- Different modes: side-by-side, overlay, stacked
- Statistics
- Coordinates tool

Video Analysis

- Manual tracking of objects
- Video analysis can be done on a movie recorded as "sensor" data or an opened movie file. Can make measurements on a "Captured" image.

Expansion Port Support

- Control the visibility of the UI 850 expansion port by clicking on the icon in upper right of Hardware Setup.
- Click on an analog port and turn it into a Voltage or Peak Amplitude input. These 'measurements' will show up in the Data Summary under 850 Expansion Port. For the digital ports, the user can configure either an input or an output.
- An input produces a State measurement and can also be used as an input for a Custom Timer. An output can be manipulated using a new Digital Output tool that appears.

Journal

- Two new buttons on main toolbar: one to take the Snapshot and the other to show/hide the journal.
- Snapshot options include taking a snap of entire page with palettes, the white content area, or the currently selected display.
- Within the journal, one can edit the title or annotation, rearrange snapshots, view full-screen, export to HTML, print, delete, etc.
- The journal can also be re-sized or floated.

Exclusions/Deletions

- Can be done either in the Table or Graph.
- Exclusions remove data from statistics, curve fits, and auto-scaling behavior but are still visible as and X on a graph or as stricken-through numbers in the Table display.
- Deleting data eliminates the data visually and removes it from any analysis.
- Excluded or deleted data may be recovered at any time before the Capstone workbook is closed.

GLX File Import

 One can either use File Open, or the GLX File Management dialog you get when you click the folder icon next to a picture of the Xplorer GLX in the Hardware Setup window to import data from the Xplorer GLX into Capstone.



Import/Export Data

 An Import data... and Export data...options appear in the File menu, allowing the import and export of tab-delimited text. Successfully imported text will appear in the user-entered data tab of the Data Summary window.

User-defined error bars

- One can now set error values for individual data points.
- One can set different positive and negative error values by specifying different measurements for positive and negative (defaults to assuming you want the same for both).
- One could even use a calculation on a measurement to specify error values.

Customization options

- Workbook page shape options, including new default best fit.
- Can set default font size for workbook displays.
- Application preferences, including putting your preferences in an external, shared file.
- Improved Print quality
- Linear fits weighted based on error bar values.
- Moving digital probes and analog sensors (via Hardware Setup)
- New Add Similar Measurement menu on graph measurement picker. The ability to add multiple measurements to the same axis has been available for drag/drop but this was not very visible to the user. This new menu item makes that more visible. For example, add eight Force measurements to the same axis. Conserves space and assures that all measurements get scaled with the same axis. The legend becomes the means for identifying what is what. Tries to match the generic measurement type and unit of measurements.
- Graph smoothing slider now has a pop-up with on/off option.
- Graph Curve Fit button has on/off.
- Improved and additional formatting options for the graph coordinates tool.
- Added Peak Amplitude Sensor and Frequency Sensor to the 850 Signal Generator outputs. This feature is useful for LRC sweep of Peak Amplitude versus Frequency.
- Added a Peak Amplitude Sensor to analog inputs for 850, which can be used simultaneously with a Voltage sensor on the same channel.
- Added a new "special" calculation, diff, which, for a single measurement, returns a set of the current value – nth previous value.
- Added support for the AirLink2 and SPARKLink Air.



- Displays can 'preview' data in when you have Start condition and Keep sampling.
- Help (English only, initially oriented toward Tasks and Goals)

Can PASCO Capstone open DataStudio, SPARKlab, and GLX files?

Can PASCO Capstone open DataStudio files?

Yes.

PASCO Capstone can open and convert most DataStudio 1.9 files to Capstone format.

See "How do I open DataStudio experiments and data?": 68

Can PASCO Capstone open SPARKlabs?

No.

PASCO Capstone cannot open SPARKlabs.

Can PASCO Capstone open saved GLX files?

Yes.

PASCO Capstone can open and convert most Xplorer GLX files to PASCO Capstone format.

See "How do I open DataStudio experiments and data?": 68

Can PASCO Capstone transfer files from the Xplorer GLX?

Yes.

PASCO Capstone can transfer most Xplorer GLX files for use in Capstone.

See "How do I import Xplorer GLX data?": 71

Can Capstone files be opened on computers with different operating systems?

Yes.

PASCO Capstone files (.cap) that are created on either a Mac or PC can be opened on another computer running another Capstone-compatible operating system (Mac OS, Windows) with the same version or later of Capstone.



How does Capstone compare to other PASCO applications?

Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
			Computer version: www.pasco.com
Availability	www.pasco.com	www.pasco.com	Pad version: Apple App Store / Google Play Store
	UI-5400	CI-6870	Computer version: PS-2400
PASCO Part Numbers	UI-5401	CI-6859C	PS-2401
	01-5401	CI-6871	Pad version: N/A
Development Status	Active	Inactive	Active
		(Arabic) العربية	English
		簡體字 (Tra- ditional Chinese)	Dansk (Danish)
		简体字 (Sim-	Deutsch (German) español de
		plified Chinese)	América latina
		Dansk (Danish) English	(Latin American Spanish)
	English	Suomi (Finnish)	español de México (Mexican
	español de América latina (Latin American Spanish) 简体字 (Sim-	le français (French)	Spanish)
		Deutsch (Ger-	español cas- tellano (Spanish)
Supported Languages		man)	français canadien
	plified Chinese)	italiano (Italian)	(Canadian French)
	le français (French)	J日本語 (Japan- ese)	le français (French)
	(Arabic) العربية	Norsk (Nor- wegian)	italiano (Italian)
		português brasileiro	Nederlands (Dutch)
		(Brazilian Por- tugese)	Norsk (Nor- wegian)
		Pусский (Rus- sian)	português brasileiro
		español cas-	(Brazilian Por-



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
			tugese)
			português de Portugal (Portugese)
			Suomi (Finnish)
			Svenska (Swedish)
			Türk (Turkish)
			Český (Czech)
		tellano (Spanish) Svenska	Русский (Rus- sian)
		(Swedish)	Казак (Kazakh)
		Türk (Turkish)	(Arabic) العربية
			簡體字 (Tra- ditional Chinese)
			简体字 (Sim- plified Chinese)
			J日本語 (Japan- ese)
			한국의 (Korean)
			ใทย (Thai)
			Windows XP 32- bit
	Windows XP 32- bit	Windows XP 32- bit	Windows 7 32/64- bit
SUPPORTED OPERATING SYSTEMS	Windows 7 32/64- bit	Windows 7 32/64- bit (requires spe-	Windows 8 32/64- bit
OT OT LIVIO	Windows 8 32/64- bit		MacOS 10.5-10.8
	MacOS 10.6-10.8	MacOS 9.x, 10.7	Apple iOS 5.1 Apple iOS 6.0
			Android
INTENDED AUDIENCE	Post-secondary / Advanced High- School Science Educators	Post-secondary / Advanced High- School Science Educators	Ele- mentary/Middle School/ Intro- ductory Sec- ondary Science



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
			Educators
Supported Hardware			
PASPORT			
PS-2100(A) USB Link	YES	YES	YES
PS-2001 PowerLink	YES	YES	YES
PS-2009 SPARKlink	YES	YES	YES
PS-2000 Xplorer	ACQUIRE ONLY	YES	YES
PS-2002 Xplorer GLX External Sensors	YES	YES	ACQUIRE ONLY
PS-2002 Xplorer GLX Sound/ Sound Level	YES	YES	NO
PS-2008(A) SPARK SLS	ACQUIRE ONLY	YES	ACQUIRE ONLY
WIRELESS			
PS-2005 AirLink SI	NO	YES	NO
PS-2010 AirLink2	YES	YES	NO
PS-2011 SPARKLink Air	YES	NO	NO
Universal (PASPORT/S-cienceWorkshop)			
UI-5000 850 interface	YES	NO	NO
ScienceWorkshop			
ScienceWorkshop 300	NO	YES	NO
CI-6760 ScienceWorkshop 500	via CI-6759A only	Serial / CI-6759A	NO
CI-6560 ScienceWorkshop 700	NO	YES	NO
CI-7500 ScienceWorkshop 750 –SCSI	via CI-6759A only	SCSI / Serial / CI-6759A	NO
CI-7599 ScienceWorkshop 750 – USB	YES	YES	NO
GENERIC DEVICES			
USB video cameras	YES	NO	YES
	850 or SW750	Waveport + Built- in Microphone /	Computer version: YES
Microphones	+ sound sensor	ScienceWork- shop 750 + sound sensor	Pad version: As part of video sensor only
THIRD-PARTY HARDWARE			
Ocean Optics Red Tide/Amadeus/ USB 2000 or 4000 spectrometers	NO	NO	Computer version: YES Pad version:
,			NO



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
Ohaus Scout Pro balances	NO	YES	NO
Software Features			
ACQUISITION			
Timer Wizards	YES	NO	NO
Independent sampling rates	YES	YES	NO
Per-page sample rates	YES	NO	NO
Directly Import Data From SPARK SLS	NO	NO	NO
Directly Import Data From Xplorer GLX	YES	YES	NO
EXPORT			
Copy & Paste	From Table	From Summary	NO
Menu Option	All Measurements	One Meas- urement	All Measurements
IMPORT			
Copy & Paste	To Table	To Summary	NO
Menu Option	YES	YES	NO
CALIBRATION			
Calibration	ScienceWork- shop & select PASPORT Sensors	ScienceWork- shop & select PASPORT Sensors	Select PASPORT Sensors
Calibration types	1 pt slope, 1 pt off- set, 2 pt linear	1 pt slope, 1 pt off- set, 2 pt linear	1 pt slope, 1 pt off- set, 2 pt linear
Ability to return to factory defaults.	YES	NO	NO
Analysis			
Calculations	YES	YES	YES
Immediate evaluation of constant expressions	YES	YES	YES
Reorder calculations	YES	NO	NO
Right-click selection of measurements	YES	NO	NO
Right-click selection of models	YES	NO	NO
Right-click selection of functions	YES	NO	NO
Right-click selection of symbols	YES	NO	NO
Right-click selection of sub- /superscripts	YES	NO	NO
Curve Fits			
Standard Fits	YES	YES	YES



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
Error-weighted Linear Fit	YES	NO	NO
Editable Initial Guesses	YES	YES	NO
Lockable Parameters	YES	NO	NO
User-Defined Functions	YES	YES	NO
Data Manipulation			
Delete Data	YES	YES	NO
Exclude Data	YES	NO	NO
DISPLAYS			
Virtual Oscilloscope Display	YES	YES	NO
Fast Fourier Transform	YES	YES	NO
Automatic video synching	YES	NO	NO
Re-title displays.	YES	YES	NO
X-Y GRAPH			
QuickCalc	YES	NO	NO
Smooth in place	YES	NO	NO
Zooming with the scroll wheel	YES	NO	NO
Snap to origin when panning.	YES	YES	NO
Click/Touch & drag panning	YES	NO	YES
Select measurements from graph labels	YES	YES	NO
Multiple y-axis measurements	YES	YES	YES
Manage y axes	YES	NO	NO
Prediction Tool	NO	YES	YES
Copy a portion of a plot.	NO	YES	NO
Scrolling chart option	YES	YES (UNSMOOTH)	NO
Delete selected data points.	YES	YES	NO
Exclude selected data points.	YES	NO	NO
Change unit directly in the display	YES	NO	NO
Delta Tool	YES (Coordinate Tool Option)	YES	YES
Translucent data values	YES	NO	NO
Preview Data in Keep Mode	YES	YES	YES
TABLE			
Index column	YES	NO	YES
Support for Text Entry	YES	NO	YES
Out-of-order data entry	YES	NO	YES
Non-numeric data entry	YES	NO	YES
Automatic data type switching	YES	NO	NO



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
Cell insertion/deletion	YES	NO	NO
Row insertion/deletion	NO	YES	NO
Drag and Drop to Column Reordering	YES	NO	NO
Cut/Copy/Paste Values	YES	NO	NO
Rename measurement directly	YES	NO	NO
Change unit directly	YES	NO	(MULTIPLE STEPS)
Out-of-order Sampling	YES	NO	NO
Selection Synchronized with other Displays	YES	YES	NO
Insert/delete columns	YES	NO	(MULTIPLE STEPS)
Row Banding	NO	NO	YES
SCOPE			
Un-triggered Sampling	YES	YES	NO
Trigger	YES	YES	NO
Pre-trigger	850 only	NO	NO
Continuous Sampling	YES	NO	NO
Sample Rate Control	YES	NO	NO
Export Trace	YES	YES	NO
Smart Cursor	YES	YES	NO
Multiple Measurements	YES	YES	NO
Multiple Axes	YES	NO	NO
Trace Offset Controls	YES	YES	NO
Compare Traces from the same sensor	YES	NO (Requires graph.)	NO
Histogram			
Count & bin measurement values	YES	YES	NO
Side-by-Side Runs/Sets	YES	YES	NO
Overlay Runs/Sets	YES	YES	NO
Stack Runs/Sets	YES	YES	NO
Autoscaling	YES	YES	NO
Smart Cursor	YES	NO (Does not snap to value.)	NO
Statistics	YES	NO	NO
Bar Graph			
Display Values	NO	NO	YES
Acquire Values Automatically	NO	NO	YES



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
Rename Bins	NO	NO	YES
FFT			
Automatic resolution adjust- ment	YES	NO	NO
WORKBOOK			
Universal Undo	YES	NO	NO
Data Replay	YES	(Movie Only)	NO
Automatic hiding of tool bars option	YES	NO	NO
Automatic rescaling of work-book	YES	NO	NO
Reordering workbook pages	YES	NO	NO
Live microscope/camera support	YES	NO	YES
Automatic display fitting	YES	NO	YES
Re-sizable displays	YES	YES	NO
Auto-scaling Workbooks	YES	NO	NO
Sensor-Independent Measurement ID	NO	NO	YES
Drag and Drop Image Files	YES	YES	NO
TEXT			
Rich Text Tools	YES	NO	NO
Subscript/Superscript Tools	YES	NO	YES
Symbol insertion	YES	NO	Computer version: NO Pad version: YES
Copy and paste rendered cal- culations from Microsoft Word.	YES	NO	NO
Drag and drop rendered cal- culations from calculator	YES	NO	NO
Bulleted list support	YES	NO	NO
Video			
Play pre-recorded video	YES	YES	NO
Capture still images	YES	NO	YES
Acquire and automatically- sync	YES	NO	NO
Automatic playback option	YES	NO	NO
Manually track objects	YES	NO	NO
Automatically generate position, velocity and acceleration data from calibrated track	YES	NO	NO



Specification	PASCO Cap- stone	DataStudio 1.8.9r10	SPARKvue 2.0
points.			
Measure lengths	YES	NO	NO
Measure angles	YES	NO	NO
Measure radii	YES	NO	NO
JOURNAL			
Snapshots	YES	NO	YES
Reorder Pages	YES	NO	YES
Annotate snapshots	YES	NO	YES
Export as HTML	YES	NO	YES
Print Journal	YES	NO	YES
Function Generation			
850 Universal Interface Support	YES	NO	NO
PI-8127 Support	YES	NO	NO
Peak Amplitude Sensor	850 only	NO	NO
Frequency Sensor	850 only	NO	NO
ScienceWorkshop 750 support	YES	YES	NO
Sweep Frequency	850 only	NO	NO
Voltage Offset	850 only	NO	NO
Generator output based on a measurement calculation	YES (850 or 750)	On/Off only via outputswitch(x) function	NO
Peak Amplitude Virtual Sensor	YES	NO	NO
Frequency Sensor	YES	NO	NO
PROGRAM PREFERENCES			
Adaptive Workbook Page Shape	YES	NO	NO
Custom default display font size.	YES	NO	NO
Application preferences	YES	YES	NO
HELP	YES	YES	YES



FAQ... Installation and Updates

"What licenses are required?": 160

"Is an MSI available for PASCO Capstone?": 160

"Do I need to update the interfaces?": 161

"Do I need to update the sensor datasheets?": 161

What licenses are required?

What licenses are available for PASCO Capstone?

- Capstone Single User License (UI-5401)
- Capstone Site License (UI-5400)

Does the license expire?

No.

The license does not expire and entitles you to minor updates, such as the update from version 1.0 to 1.1.

Are upgrades free?

Yes, minor upgrades are free.

Minor upgrades and bug fixes for the licensed version of PASCO Capstone do not require additional purchase. They may be obtained by downloading the latest trial version from the PASCO scientific website. If the previous version of PASCO Capstone was licensed, the minor upgrade will accept the license key stored in your computer.

If you do not have a valid license key, the trial will expire in 60 days. A new license key may be purchased and entered from the **About PASCO Capstone** menu:

- 1. Click Help > About PASCO Capstone
- 2. Click **Buy Key** or **Enter Key**

Is an MSI available for PASCO Capstone?

An independent msi is not available for PASCO Capstone. The Capstone msi is wrapped by InstallShield*; parameters may be passed to the msi with command line switches. (②See "How do I automate a network installation?": 66) for information on passing parameters to the msi.



Do I need to update the interfaces?

PASCO Capstone will prompt to update the firmware if a new version exists. Follow the on-screen instructions.

However, you may encounter a problem with the interface requiring a manual firmware re-installation. (②See "How do I force an update to an interface?": 66)

Do I need to update the sensor datasheets?

No.

PASCO Capstone obtains default sensor information from a file that is installed and updated with Capstone.

(DataStudio and SPARKvue do obtain information from the sensors; however, PASCO Capstone ignores any information from the sensor other than the ID.)



FAQ... Setup

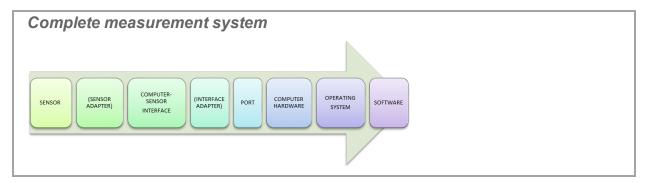
"What do I need to have a complete measurement system? ": 162

"Can sensors sample at different rates?": 167

What do I need to have a complete measurement system?

Required Components

A complete measurement system consists of the following components:



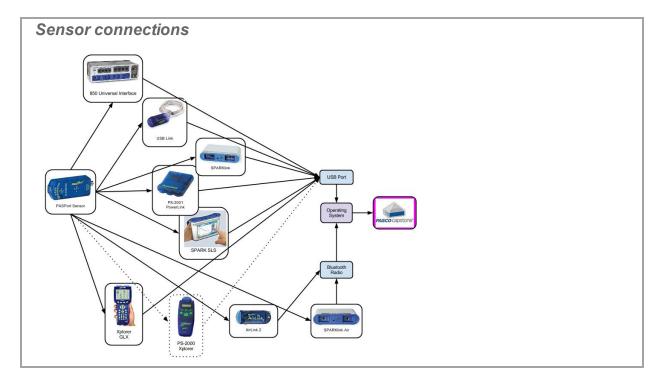
The equipment required depends on the type of sensor used.

PASPORT Sensor Connections

PASPORT sensors have part numbers that are prefixed with PS-. These sensors feature auto identification, digital communication, and the ability to measure multiple quantities simultaneously (on some sensors).

Sensors connect as follows:

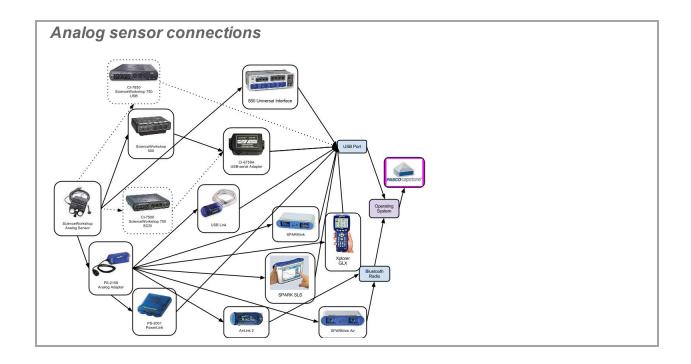


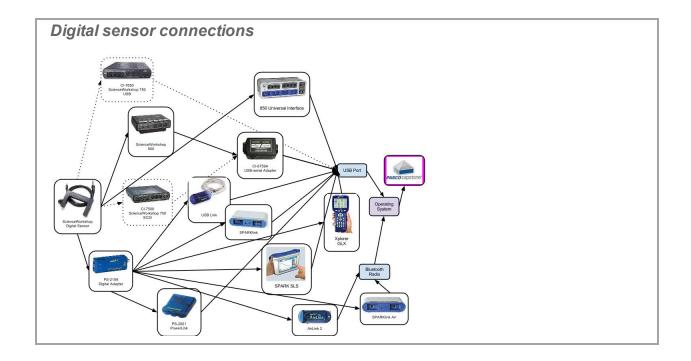


ScienceWorkshop Sensor Connections

ScienceWorkshop sensors have part numbers that are prefixed with CI-. There are two classes of ScienceWorkshop sensors: analog and digital. The analog sensors may be identified by their round 8-pin DIN connectors. The digital sensors are identified by their 3.5 mm Tip-Ring-Sleeve (headphone) connectors.

These sensors connect as follows:





Can sensors sample at different rates?

Yes.

PASPORT sensors may have sampling rates different from the sampling rates of other PASPORT or ScienceWorkshop sensors.

Note: All ScienceWorkshop sensors sample at the same rate. PASPORT sensors can sample at different rates.



FAQ... Data files

"Where is my data saved?": 165

"What is the file export format?": 165

"What is the format for text import?": 166

Where is my data saved?

Recorded data is contained within the PASCO Capstone file (identified by the .cap extension).

Note: Data is not permanently saved unless the Capstone file is saved or the data exported. If PASCO Capstone closes, without saving or exporting the data, all data will be lost.

What is the file export format?

PASCO Capstone exports data in tab or comma delimited files with the following information:

```
Run [ID]/Set [ID]
[Measurement] ([Unit])
Value
Value
:
```

Note: The precision of the exported data matches the numerical properties of the measurement. (See "How do I change the numerical format of data?": 81)

Example

```
Run #1
        Run #1
                  Run #1
                                Run #2
                                        Run #2
                                                  Run #2
Time (s) Force (N) Position (m) Time (s) Force (N) Position (m)
0.000
        0.61
                  0.16
                                0.000
                                         0.63
                                                  0.17
0.050
        0.42
                  0.26
                                         0.44
                                                  0.26
                                0.050
```



What is the format for text import?

Imported data are listed in the **User-Entered Data Summary** tab () of **Data Summary**.

The recommended format for file import is tab-delimited text with the measurement names and units on the first line:

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{MN_1} \; (\mathsf{u_1}) \to \mathsf{MN_2} \; (\mathsf{u_2}) \; \dots \to \mathsf{MN} \; (\mathsf{u_n}) \; [\mathtt{CR}] \\ \mathsf{M_1} \mathsf{V_1} \to \mathsf{M_2} \mathsf{V_1} \to \dots \; \mathsf{M_n} \mathsf{V_1} \; [\mathtt{CR}] \\ \mathsf{M_1} \mathsf{V_2} \to \mathsf{M_2} \mathsf{V_2} \to \dots \; \mathsf{M_n} \mathsf{V_2} \; [\mathtt{CR}] \\ \vdots \\ \mathsf{M_1} \mathsf{V_m} \to \mathsf{M_2} \mathsf{V_m} \to \dots \; \mathsf{M_n} \mathsf{V_m} \; [\mathtt{CR}] \end{array}$$

Where:

 $MN_n \equiv$ measurement name of the n^{th} measurement $(u_n) \equiv$ unit of measure of the nth measurement–leave off if no units $M_n V_m \equiv m^{th}$ value of the n^{th} measurement $\rightarrow \equiv$ tab $[CR] \equiv$ carriage return

Note: PASCO Capstone may not recognize data that does not exactly fit the recommended file import format.

Example text file:

animal	family	speed	(km/h)
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrines	389	
Golden Eagle	Aquila chrysaetos	320	
Gryfalcon	Falco rusicolus	208	



FAQ... Data and Measurements

"Which data is recorded?": 167

"Can sensors sample at different rates?": 167

"What is Continuous Mode?": 168

"What is Fast Monitor Mode?": 169

"Is there a way to delete data points?": 170

"Which data is active?": 172

"How are the curve fit and smoothing calculations determined?": 172

Which data is recorded?

PASCO Capstone records data for each available measurement (All data is recoded for immediate or future use in displays, calculations, and analysis.) and associated time data at the defined sample rate(s).



Data appear on the sensor tab in the Data Summary tab (**), and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Run #%1**, where %1 is an automatically generated run number.

See "How do I record data in PASCO Capstone? ": 73

Can sensors sample at different rates?

Yes.

PASPORT sensors may have sampling rates different from the sampling rates of other PASPORT or ScienceWorkshop sensors.

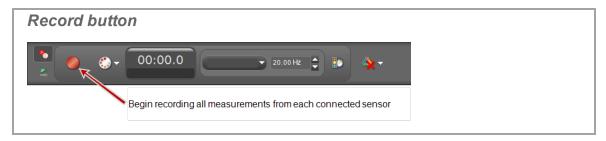
Note: All ScienceWorkshop sensors sample at the same rate. PASPORT sensors can sample at different rates.



What is Continuous Mode?

In this mode (See "How do I record data in PASCO Capstone? ": 73):

Data continuously records as soon as Record is pressed in the Controls Palette.



 Data displays at the specified sampling rate(s) either until the hardware is no longer able to process the data (at which time data collection will stop with an error message) or until the **Stop** is pressed.

Maximum Frame Rate

The maximum frame rate 1 is directly related to the processing speed of the host and inversely related to the number of samples per frame: S_{E} .

Where:

 $S_F = R_e \times T$

 $S_F \equiv Samples per frame$

 $R_s^{\cdot} \equiv Sampling rate (displayed in the Controls Palette)$

T = time specified on the right of the plot area window

Automatic Sample Rate (R_s)

Select the auto-sample-rate-adjustment button is to enable automatic sampling rate:

- The sampling rate will increase when zooming into the time axis or when increasing the number of samples per frame by using the increase-samples-per-trace button $^{\circ}$.
- The sampling rate will decrease when zooming out of the time axis or when decreasing the number of samples per frame by clicking the decrease-samplesper-trace button .

Manual Sample Rate (R_s)

Deselect the auto-sample-rate-adjustment button **™** to disable automatic sampling rate:

¹The rate at which these frames of data are displayed.



• The sampling rate is set in the Controls Palette.



What is Fast Monitor Mode?

In this mode (See "How do I record data in PASCO Capstone? ": 73):

- The scope display behaves like a digital storage oscilloscope.

Notes:

Only the data that is visible in the plot area is recorded as a run when **Snapshot** is clicked.

Recorded data appear on the sensor tab in the Data Summary tab (*), and is selectable from any data display with a default name **Monitor Run-- ScopeSnapshot%1** where **%1** is an automatically generated run number.

- The scope will not drop samples within a frame due to an excessive sample rate.
- The trigger, by definition, occurs at a scope time of 0.00.
- The scope displays complete frames of data. (The maximum frame rate¹, depends on the processing speed of the host computer.)

Maximum Frame Rate

The maximum $frame\ rate^2$ is directly related to the processing speed of the host and inversely related to the number of samples per frame: S_F .

Where:

$$S_F = R_S \times T$$

S_F ≡ Samples per frame

 $R_s^{\cdot} \equiv$ Sampling rate (displayed in the Controls Palette)

T = time specified on the right of the plot area window

Automatic Sample Rate (R_s)

¹The rate at which these frames of data are displayed.

17:14:010

²The rate at which these frames of data are displayed.



Select the auto-sample-rate-adjustment button to enable automatic sampling rate:

- The sampling rate will increase when zooming into the time axis or when increasing the number of samples per frame by using the increase-samples-per-trace button ♥.
- The sampling rate will decrease when zooming out of the time axis or when decreasing the number of samples per frame by clicking the decrease-samplesper-trace button .

Manual Sample Rate (R_s)

Deselect the auto-sample-rate-adjustment button to disable automatic sampling rate:

The sampling rate is set in the Controls Palette.



Is there a way to delete data points?

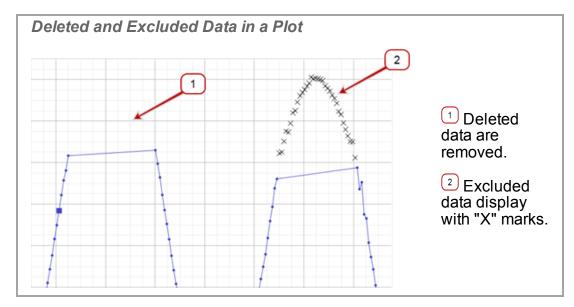
Yes.

In PASCO Capstone version 1.1 or later, data points can be deleted or excluded.

- Neither excluded nor deleted points are included in curve fits or statistical calculations.
- If data points are excluded, they remain in the displays and are marked:



• with an X in the plot



• with a strike-through in the table

Deleted and Excluded L	Data in a Table	
0.900	0.30	
0.950	0.26	
1.000	0.25	
1.050	0.19	1 Deleted determine
1.100	0.18	Deleted data are removed. Note the
1.150	2 0.18	gap in time data.
1.200	0.18	2 Excluded data dis-
1.250	0.21	play with
1.300	0.28	strikethrough.
1.350	0.35	
1.400	0.42	
2.200	0.42	

• If data points are deleted, they disappear from all of the displays. Either of these functions may be reversed with the undo button.



Note: Deleted data are removed from the data set and the data cannot be restored at

Note: Excluded data are masked in the data set and are not used by Capstone for data operations including display and calculations. Excluded data can be restored at any time.

Which data is active?

By default, the last selected measurement of the last data run is the active data for statistics and other actions.



See "How do I select active data?": 111

How are the curve fit and smoothing calculations determined?

How are the errors in the parameters of the linear curve fits calculated?

The linear model error estimations were derived assuming that there is no error in the reported measurements and tends to underestimate the actual error in the parameters. The errors are calculated as follows:

$$\Delta m = \sigma \sqrt{\frac{N}{\Delta}}$$

$$\Delta b = \sigma \sqrt{\Sigma \left(\frac{x_i^2}{\Delta}\right)}$$

Where:

m ≡ slope

b ≡ intercept

 $N \equiv \text{number of values } (x_i, y_i)$

...and...

$$\sigma \equiv \frac{\sqrt{\Sigma(y_i - b - mx_i)^2}}{N - 2}$$

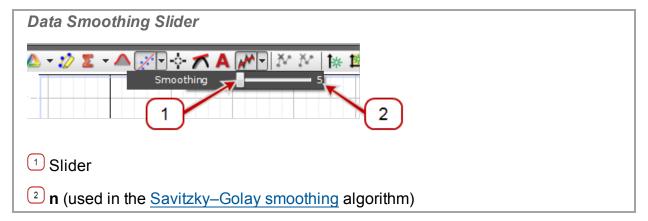
$$\Delta \equiv N \times \Sigma (x_i^2) - \Sigma (x_i)^2$$

What is the algorithm used by the graph smoothing tool?

The graph smoothing tool uses a center-weighted Savitzky–Golay smoothing algorithm of degree 4. The the value displayed in the Data Smoothing Slider n is an odd value



representing the total number of values in the original data set that are used in determining each smoothed value.



Coefficient weights are used, such that the values closest to the value being smoothed usually have a greater weight, and thus a greater influence on the determining the resulting smoothed value. These coefficients are symmetric unless there are fewer than $\frac{n-1}{2}$ unsmoothed values to both sides of the smoothed value.



FAQ... Calculations and Calibration

"What is the format for calculations?": 174

"What are the equations for calibration?": 174

"Can multiple measurements be calibrated simultaneously?": 175

What is the format for calculations?

Calculations have the format:

```
(variable name) = (valid functional expression)
```

The variable name may contain symbols, common subscripts and superscripts, and spaces.

If you enter a functional expression without (variable name) = , Capstone adds a generic name and "=". For example: Calc1= for variables and Constant1= for constants.

Calculations that involve only constants are immediately evaluated in the user-entry area. Calculations involving measurements are rendered in MathML. (② See "How do I see the result of a calculation?": 103)

Examples

```
Constant1=2*3

Calc1=[Acceleration(m/s²)]^2

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

Resultant \[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

Resultant \[ \textstyle{\textstyle{1}}} \]

\[ \textstyle{1}} \]

\[ \textstyle
```

What are the equations for calibration?

The actual value, y(x) is calculated using measured value x and the calibration points (x_i, y_i) , where x_i is the ith measured value and y_i is the corresponding actual (standard) value:



1 Point Offset

$$y(x) = (y_1 - x_1) x$$

Examples: used internally by the force sensors, accelerometers

1 Point Slope

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{y_1}{x_1}\right)x$$

Examples: dissolved oxygen, type-K temperature, conductivity, drop counter

2 Point Linear

$$y(x) = \left(\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}\right) x + \frac{x_2 y_1 - y_2 x_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Examples: pH and other ion selective electrodes

Can multiple measurements be calibrated simultaneously?

Yes.

You may calibrate multiple measurements simultaneously if they are of the same type and exposed simultaneously to the same standards when performing the calibration.

Note: Simultaneous calibration is not recommended for pH, ISE, ORP, Conductivity, stainless-steel temperature sensors without insulating sleeves, or Disolved Oxygen sensors because these sensors will not read correctly if the probes are placed in the same solution simultaneously.

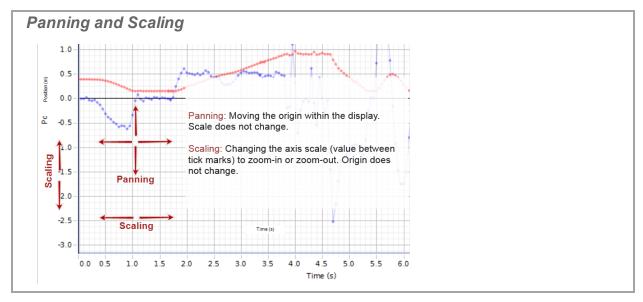


FAQ... Displays

"What is panning and scaling?": 176

"Why are the display toolbars not active?": 177

What is panning and scaling?



PASCO Capstone supports several panning and scaling methods:

- user (manual) Scaling¹ and Panning²
- · scaling based on maintaining the visibility or new data
- scaling and panning the data to maximize the visibility of existing data

What is Panning Moving the origin within the display. Scale does not change.

Panning is the process of changing the value of the constant P in the Scaling and Panning Equation.

¹Changing the axis scale (value between tick marks) to zoom-in or zoom-out. Origin does not change.

²Moving the origin within the display. Scale does not change.



What is Scaling Changing the axis scale (value between tick marks) to zoom-in or zoom-out. Origin does not change.

Scaling is the process of changing the value of S in the Scaling and Panning Equation. The process of increasing the value of the scaling factor S, is said to be zooming in and decreasing the value of the scaling factor is said to be zooming out.

What is Zooming-in/out around a point Changing the scale and origin around a single point.

You can simultaneously scale and pan such that a point other that the origin (for example: (m_{10}, m_2) remains stationary in the plot area when scaling. This process is the equivalent of scaling by S and panning by $m_{in} \times S$ for each coordinate.

Scaling and Panning Equation

$$x_i = (m_i - m_{i,0}) \times S + P$$

Where:

 $x_i \equiv virtual value of the ith coordinate within the plot area <math>m_i \equiv the ith$ measurement value $m_{i0} \equiv the$ coordinate value of the scaling stationary point $S \equiv scaling factor$ $P \equiv panning factor$

Why are the display toolbars not active?

Toolbars are only active when a single display is active, and will only apply to the active display.

For displays with multiple plots such as for Graph or FFT displays, the toolbar actions apply to the active plot within the display.



FAQ... Scope

"What is the scope?": 178

"What does the Single Shot button do?": 178

"What is pre-triggering in the scope?": 179

What is the scope?

The scope is designed to view high-frequency oscillating data or single high-speed events that the graph display may not be able to capture.

Maximum Sampling Rate: The maximum supported sampling rate is a function of the computer-sensor interface that is connected to the computer (for example: 850 Universal Interface \rightarrow 10 MHz, ScienceWorkshop 750 \rightarrow 250 kHz).

Features	⊈ See
Continuous Mode and Fast Monitor	"What is Continuous Mode?": 168
Mode	"What is Fast Monitor Mode?": 169
Single shot	"What does the Single Shot button do?": 178
Multiple triggers	"How do I select the scope trigger?": 131
Pre-trigger	"How do I pre-trigger?": 134
Image freeze	"How do I freeze and record the scope display?": 135

What does the Single Shot button 4 do?

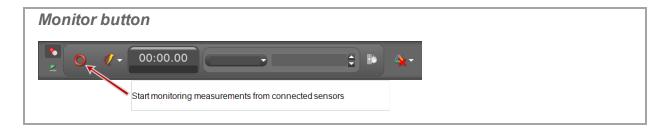
The Single Shot button is useful for fast, non-repetitive events, such as measuring the time between an impulsive sound and its echo to determine the speed of sound.

When the Single Shot button is depressed on the scope toolbar and **Monitor** is pressed on the Controls Palette, the scope displays one frame of scope data and then stops monitoring.



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Note: If the trigger button $\widehat{\mathbf{1}}$ in the scope toolbar is depressed, the display of data starts when the trigger condition is satisfied. If the trigger button is not depressed, the display of data starts immediately.

Note: Fast Monitor Mode is required for the Single Shot function.

Note: Single Shot is limited by the hardware buffer size of the interface (~ 2000 samples for the 750 interface and ~ 16000 sample for the 850 interface).

What is pre-triggering in the scope?

The 0.00 second measurement on the scope is referenced to the time of the scope triggering event. Recording and displaying data that happened before a triggering event is called pre-triggering.

Note: An 850 Universal Interface is required to use the pre-trigger functionality.

180



FAQ... Video and Text

"What cameras and video formats are supported?": 180

"Why does the text color remain black after picking a color?": 180

What cameras and video formats are supported?

Supported cameras

- PASCO Capstone supports the UVC (USB Video Class 1.1) standard. Cameras that support UVC do not require additional drivers.
- UVC 1.1 cameras are recommended; however, some older cameras may work with Capstone with the drivers developed by the manufacturer.

Supported video formats

- PASCO Capstone will record and playback video recorded in Capstone without any supporting software.
- Capstone requires the <u>latest version of the Apple QuickTime* player</u> to playback movies that were not recorded in Capstone. Once QuickTime is installed, Capstone can playback all movies with the <u>mov</u> file extensions and most movies with the <u>mp4</u> or <u>avi</u> extensions.

Why does the text color remain black after picking a color?

PASCO Capstone uses the Hue-Saturation-Value (HSV) model to determine the color. The default value of the color value (brightness) defaults to **0** and the color displays black.

To display the selected color: move the brightness slider for the desired brightness.